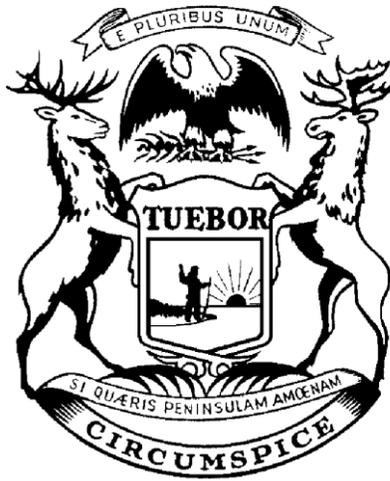


Michigan Military Retirement Provisions
A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Michigan

**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018**



MMRP

Prepared by:
Financial Services
for
Office of Retirement Services
P.O. Box 30171
Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671
517-284-4400
1-800-381-5111

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|-----------|
| INTRODUCTORY SECTION | 3 |
| Public Pension Standards Award..... | 4 |
| Letter of Transmittal | 5 |
| Administrative Organization | 9 |
| Retirement Board Members | 9 |
| Advisors and Consultants..... | 9 |
| Organization Chart | 10 |
| FINANCIAL SECTION | 11 |
| Independent Auditor's Report..... | 12 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 14 |
| Basic Financial Statements | 17 |
| Statement of Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position | 17 |
| Statement of Changes in Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position | 18 |
| Notes To Basic Financial Statements | 19 |
| Required Supplementary Information..... | 38 |
| Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability | 38 |
| Schedule of Contributions | 39 |
| Schedule of Pension Investment Returns | 39 |
| Note to Required Supplementary Information..... | 40 |
| Supporting Schedules | 41 |
| Summary Schedule of Pension Plan Administrative and Other Expenses | 41 |
| Schedule of Investment Expenses..... | 42 |
| Schedule of Payments for Professional Services | 42 |
| Detail of Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | 43 |
| INVESTMENT SECTION | 45 |
| Report on Investment Activity..... | 46 |
| Largest Assets Held | 57 |
| Schedule of Investment Fees..... | 58 |
| Schedule of Investment Commissions | 59 |
| Investment Summary | 60 |
| ACTUARIAL SECTION | 61 |
| Actuary's Certification..... | 62 |
| Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods..... | 65 |
| Actuarial Valuation Data..... | 67 |
| Prioritized Solvency Test..... | 68 |
| Analysis of System Experience..... | 69 |
| Summary of Plan Provisions..... | 70 |
| STATISTICAL SECTION | 73 |
| Schedule of Additions by Source..... | 75 |
| Schedule of Deductions by Type..... | 76 |
| Schedule of Average Benefit Payments..... | 77 |
| Schedule of Funding Progress..... | 77 |
| History of Membership..... | 78 |
| ACKNOWLEDGMENTS | 79 |

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Public Pension Standards Award
Letter of Transmittal
Retirement Board Members
Advisors and Consultants
Organization Chart

Public Pension Standards Award



Public Pension Coordinating Council

Public Pension Standards Award For Funding and Administration 2018

Presented to

Michigan Office of Retirement Services

In recognition of meeting professional standards for
plan funding and administration as
set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA)
National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS)
National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Alan H. Winkle".

Alan H. Winkle
Program Administrator

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal

Michigan Military
Retirement Provisions
P.O. Box 30171
Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671
Telephone 517-284-4400
Outside Lansing 1-800-381-5111

STATE OF MICHIGAN

GRETCHEN WHITMER, Governor

DEPARTMENT OF TECHNOLOGY, MANAGEMENT & BUDGET

January 25, 2019

The Honorable Gretchen Whitmer
Governor, State of Michigan

Members of the Legislature
State of Michigan

Retirement Board Members
and
Members, Retirees, and Beneficiaries

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the comprehensive annual financial report of Michigan Military Retirement Provisions (Provisions) for fiscal year 2018.

INTRODUCTION TO REPORT

The Provisions were established by legislation under Public Act 150 of 1967 (the Michigan Military Act) and are administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The number of active and retired members and beneficiaries of the Provisions is presented in Note 1 of the financial statements in the Financial Section in this report. The purpose of the Provisions is to provide benefits for all Michigan National Guard members and their beneficiaries. The services performed by ORS staff provide benefits to members, retirees, and beneficiaries.

Responsibility

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the leadership team of the Provisions. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Provisions.

Internal Control Structure

The leadership team of the Provisions is responsible for maintaining adequate internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization and are recorded as necessary to maintain accountability for assets and to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal (continued)

United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets and reliability of all financial records.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. This internal control structure includes maintaining written policies and procedures. Discussion and analysis of fiduciary net position and related additions and deductions are presented in the Management Discussion and Analysis which can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Independent Auditors and Actuary

The Office of the Auditor General (OAG), independent auditors, conducted an annual audit of the Provisions. The independent auditor's report on the Provisions' financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

An actuarial valuation is conducted annually. The purpose of the valuation is to evaluate the mortality, service, compensation and other financial experience of the Provisions and to recommend employer contributions. The annual actuarial valuation was completed by Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 and recommends the employer contribution for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Actuarial certification and supporting statistics are included in the Actuarial section in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of an MD&A. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The Provisions were established by Public Act 150 of 1967. A 9-member board and the director of the Department of Technology, Management, and Budget (DTMB) govern the Provisions. Executive order 2015-13 created a State of Michigan Retirement Board responsible for the functions, duties and responsibilities of the State Employees' Retirement System, the Judges Retirement System and the Military Retirement Provisions. Executive Order 2015-13 further established the Provisions as a qualified pension plan under section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code. The Provisions are administered in accordance with the State Employees' Retirement Act and other applicable state and federal laws governing the investment and administration of such retirement trusts. The Provisions serves over 15,000 members. Financing comes from investment earnings and legislative appropriation. A detailed plan description is included in Note 1 of the Financial Section in this report.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Since oversight of the Provisions were transferred to ORS in 2012, best practices for contributions and investments have been applied. The Provisions began prefunding in 2016 and are expected to be 100% funded by 2036.

Investments

The State Treasurer is the investment fiduciary and custodian of all investments of the Provisions pursuant to State law. The primary investment objective is to maximize the rate of return on the total investment portfolio, consistent with a high degree of prudence and sufficient diversity to eliminate inordinate risks and to meet the actuarial assumption for the investment rate of return. The investment activity for the year produced a total rate of return on the portfolio of 11.0 percent for the Provisions. A summary of asset allocation and rates of return is presented in the Investment Section in this report.

Letter of Transmittal (continued)

Accounting System

Transactions of the Provisions are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. Participants' benefits are recorded when payable by law. We believe that the accounting and administrative internal controls established by the Provisions provide reasonable assurance the Provisions are carrying out its responsibilities in safeguarding its assets, in maintaining the reliability of the financial records for preparing financial statements, and in maintaining accountability for its assets.

Funding

Funds are derived from the excess of additions to plan fiduciary net position over deductions from plan fiduciary net position. Funds are accumulated by the Provisions to meet future benefit obligations to retirees and beneficiaries. The percentage computed by dividing the actuarial value of assets by the actuarial accrued liability is referred to as the "funded ratio." This ratio provides an indication of the funding status of the Provisions and generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the Provisions.

Pension – Prefunding for pension benefits began in fiscal year 2016. The actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability for pension benefits of the Provisions were \$4.6 million and \$50.0 million, respectively, resulting in a funded ratio of 9.2 percent on September 30, 2017. A historical perspective of funding levels for the Pension Plan is presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Statistical section in this report.

MAJOR GOALS ACCOMPLISHED

Call Center Upgrade – ORS is modernizing its toll-free phone service from a dial-tone system to a modern voice-over-internet solution. This effort involved a sweeping overhaul of the existing software and hardware to ensure optimum performance, a redesign and rewrite of the call routing software, and improved security. Customers will reach a call agent more quickly because of streamlined menus and more automatic methods for authenticating the caller. ORS will have more flexibility in the way new menu options and associated queues are used for seasonal business topics. In total, the new system is more secure, more stable, provides a better experience for customers and gives ORS ways to adapt to changes in demand.

Imaging Enhancements – The ORS team is heavily dependent on images of customer correspondence. These images are carefully indexed and stored in a way that call agents and processors can access them quickly and easily. This year, significant upgrades of both the hardware and the software applications for document storage and retrieval were completed and will ensure that this system is stable and secure for years to come. A pivotal change was a move away from a complex, custom-built solution to more standardized tools that are easier to maintain.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal (continued)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the dedication and cooperation of many people. It is intended to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for making management decisions, as a means of determining compliance with legal provisions, and as a means for determining responsible stewardship of the funds of the Provisions.

We would, therefore, like to express our appreciation for the assistance given by staff, the advisors and the many people who contributed to its preparation. We believe their combined efforts have produced a report that will enable employers and plan members to better evaluate and understand the Provisions. Their cooperation contributes significantly to the success of the Provisions.

Sincerely,



Tricia L. Foster, Director
Department of Technology, Management & Budget



Kerrie Vanden Bosch, Director
Office of Retirement Services

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Administrative Organization

Retirement Board Members*

As of January 25, 2019

Judge Mark T. Boonstra
General Public
Term Expires Dec. 31, 2019

Ann Marie Storberg
Ex-officio Member Representing State
Treasurer

Matthew Fedorchuk
Active State Employee
Term Expires Dec. 31, 2018

John Gnodke
Ex-officio Member Representing
State Personnel Director

Laurie Hill, Chair
Retired State Employee
Term Expires Dec. 31, 2019

Molly Jason
Ex-officio Member Representing
Attorney General

Craig Murray
Ex-official Member Representing
Auditor General

Judge David H. Sawyer
Active Judge
Term Expires Dec. 31, 2017

Col. John Wojcik
Michigan National Guard
Term Expires Dec. 31, 2018

*Statute provides that board members may continue to serve after their term expires until they are replaced or reappointed.

Advisors and Consultants

As of January 25, 2019

Actuaries

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.
Mita D. Drazilov
Southfield, Michigan

Independent Auditors

Doug A. Ringler, C.P.A., C.I.A.
Auditor General
State of Michigan

Investment Manager and Custodian

Rachael Eubanks
State Treasurer
State of Michigan

Legal Advisor

Dana Nessel
Attorney General
State of Michigan

Investment Performance Measurement

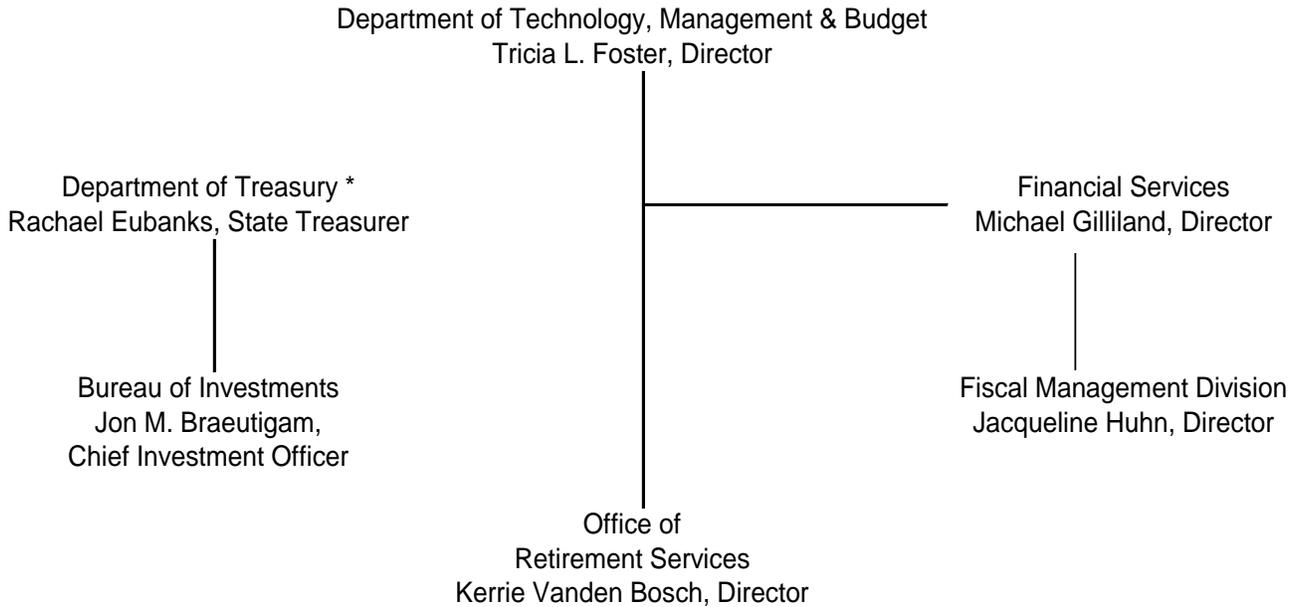
State Street Corporation
State Street Investment Analytics
Boston, MA

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Administrative Organization (continued)

Organization Chart

As of January 25, 2019



*The investments of MMRP are managed by the Michigan Department of Treasury. Information on the investments and the fiduciary, Michigan Department of Treasury, can be found in the Investment Section, Introduction. In addition, see the Investment Section, Schedule of Investment Fees (page 58) and Schedule of Investment Commissions (page 59), for information regarding the investment fees and commissions paid as well as investment professionals utilized by MMRP.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Note to Required Supplementary Information
Supporting Schedules



OAG

Office of the Auditor General

201 N. Washington Square, Sixth Floor • Lansing, Michigan 48913 • Phone: (517) 334-8050 • audgen.michigan.gov

Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA
Auditor General

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements
and Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Ms. Laurie Hill, Chair
State of Michigan Retirement Board
and
Ms. Tricia L. Foster, Director
Department of Technology, Management, and Budget
and
Ms. Kerrie L. Vanden Bosch, Director
Office of Retirement Services

Dear Ms. Hill, Ms. Foster, and Ms. Vanden Bosch:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Michigan Military Retirement Provisions (MMRP) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise MMRP's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of MMRP as of September 30, 2018 and the changes in fiduciary net position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



OAG

Office of the Auditor General

Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA
Auditor General

Ms. Laurie Hill, Chair
Ms. Tricia L. Foster, Director
Ms. Kerrie L. Vanden Bosch, Director
Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability, schedule of contributions, schedule of pension investment returns, and related note, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise MMRP's basic financial statements. The supporting schedules and the introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supporting schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supporting schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue a report on our consideration of MMRP's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of MMRP's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering MMRP's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Doug Ringler
Auditor General
January 28, 2019

FINANCIAL SECTION

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Effective January 1, 2016, in accordance with Executive Order 2015-13, the Michigan Military Retirement Provisions (MMRP) became a qualified pension plan created in trust under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code. MMRP will be administered in accordance with the State Employees' Retirement Act and all plan documents relating the governance of the same. Our discussion and analysis of MMRP financial performance provides an overview of MMRP's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this discussion.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- MMRP assets exceeded liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2018 by \$17.0 million (reported as *net position*). Fiduciary net position is restricted for pension benefits to meet future benefit payments.
- Additions for the year were \$16.9 million, which are comprised primarily of employer contributions.
- Deductions decreased over the prior year from \$4.6 million to \$4.3 million or 5.2%.

THE STATEMENT OF PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AND THE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) consists of two financial statements; *The Statement of Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position* (page 17) and *The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position* (page 18). These financial statements report information about MMRP, as a whole, and about its financial condition that should help answer the question: Is MMRP, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all assets and liabilities using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position presents all of MMRP's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as fiduciary net position. Over time, increases and decreases in fiduciary net position measure whether MMRP's financial position is improving or deteriorating. *The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position* presents how MMRP's fiduciary net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. These two financial statements should be reviewed along with the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (page 38) and Schedule of Contributions (page 39) to determine whether MMRP is becoming financially stronger or weaker.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

MMRP total assets as of September 30, 2018, were \$17.7 million and were mostly comprised of investments. Total assets increased \$12.9 million or 272.1% between fiscal years 2017 and 2018 primarily due to increase in investments.

Total liabilities as of September 30, 2018, were \$740 thousand and were comprised of accounts payable, and obligations under securities lending. Total liabilities increased \$335 thousand or 82.8% between fiscal years 2017 and 2018 due primarily to increased obligations under securities lending.

MMRP assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2018 by \$17.0 million. Total net position restricted for pension increased \$12.6 million or 289.7% between fiscal years 2017 and 2018 due primarily to contributions exceeding benefit payments.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Plan Fiduciary Net Position (in thousands)

| | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>Increase (Decrease)</u> |
|--|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Equity in common cash | \$ 559 | \$ 12 | 4,544.2 % |
| Receivables | 1 | 6 | (75.3) |
| Investments | 16,400 | 4,446 | 268.8 |
| Securities lending collateral | 730 | 290 | 151.8 |
| Total Assets | <u>17,690</u> | <u>4,754</u> | <u>272.1</u> |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities | 10 | 5 | 92.7 |
| Amounts due to other funds | | 110 | (100.0) |
| Obligations under securities lending | 730 | 290 | 152.0 |
| Total Liabilities | <u>740</u> | <u>405</u> | <u>82.8</u> |
| Net Position Restricted for | | | |
| Pension Benefits | <u>\$ 16,950</u> | <u>\$ 4,349</u> | <u>289.7 %</u> |

ADDITIONS TO PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

The reserves needed to finance pension are accumulated through the employer contributions from the State of Michigan General Fund. Contributions and net investment income for fiscal year ending September 30, 2018 totaled \$16.8 million. Total additions for fiscal year 2018 increased \$11.6 million or 217.8% from those of fiscal year 2017 due primarily to an increase in employer contributions.

DEDUCTIONS FROM PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

The primary deductions of MMRP include the payment of pension benefits to members and beneficiaries, and the cost of administering MMRP. Total deductions for fiscal year ending September 30, 2018 were \$4.3 million, a decrease of 5.2% from fiscal year 2017 deductions.

The payment of pension benefits decreased by \$151 thousand or 3.7% between fiscal years 2017 and 2018. Administrative and other expenses decreased by \$85 thousand or 17.7% from \$482 thousand to \$396 thousand between fiscal years 2017 and 2018. Administrative expenses decreased due to a decrease of professional services.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position (in thousands)

| | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>Increase (Decrease)</u> |
|--|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Additions | | | |
| Employer contributions | \$ 16,245 | \$ 5,245 | 209.7 % |
| Net investment income (loss) | 569 | 78 | 631.0 |
| Miscellaneous income | 123 | 7 | 1,718.8 |
| Total additions | <u>16,936</u> | <u>5,329</u> | <u>217.8</u> |
| Deductions | | | |
| Pension benefits | 3,939 | 4,090 | (3.7) |
| Administrative and other expenses | 396 | 482 | (17.7) |
| Total deductions | <u>4,335</u> | <u>4,571</u> | <u>(5.2)</u> |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position | 12,601 | 758 | 1,562.5 |
| Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits: | | | |
| Beginning of Year | 4,349 | 3,591 | 21.1 |
| End of Year | <u>\$ 16,950</u> | <u>\$ 4,349</u> | <u>289.7 %</u> |

MMRP AS A WHOLE

MMRP's overall Fiduciary Net Position experienced an increase in 2018. MMRP's rate of return for the Pension Plan's investments in fiscal year 2018 was 11%. Management believes that MMRP is financially sound and positioned to meet its ongoing benefit obligations due, in part, to prudent cost controls, and strategic planning.

CONTACTING MMRP FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Retirement Board, our membership, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of MMRP's finances and to demonstrate MMRP's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of Retirement Services, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909-7671.

Basic Financial Statements**STATEMENT OF PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
As of September 30, 2018 (in thousands)**

| | <u>Pension Plan</u> |
|--|-------------------------|
| Assets: | |
| Equity in common cash | <u>\$ 559</u> |
| Receivables: | |
| Amounts due from members | 1 |
| Interest and dividends | 1 |
| Total Receivables | <u>1</u> |
| Investments: | |
| Short term investment pools | 212 |
| Fixed income pools | 1,996 |
| Domestic equity pools | 4,442 |
| Real estate and infrastructure pools | 1,726 |
| Private equity pools | 2,727 |
| International equity pools | 2,874 |
| Absolute return pools | <u>2,423</u> |
| Total investments | <u>16,400</u> |
| Securities lending collateral | <u>730</u> |
| Total assets | <u>17,690</u> |
| Liabilities: | |
| Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities | 10 |
| Obligations under securities lending | <u>730</u> |
| Total liabilities | <u>740</u> |
| Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits: | <u><u>\$ 16,950</u></u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Basic Financial Statements (continued)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018 (in thousands)

| | <u>Pension Plan</u> |
|--|-------------------------|
| Additions: | |
| Contributions: | |
| Employer contributions: | <u>\$ 16,245</u> |
| Investment income (loss): | |
| Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments | 436 |
| Interest, dividends, and other | 150 |
| Investment expenses: | |
| Other investment expenses | (21) |
| Securities lending activities: | |
| Securities lending income | 20 |
| Securities lending expenses | <u>(16)</u> |
| Net investment income (loss) | <u>569</u> |
| Miscellaneous income | <u>123</u> |
| Total additions | <u>16,936</u> |
| Deductions: | |
| Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: | |
| - Retirement benefits | 3,939 |
| Administrative and other expenses | <u>396</u> |
| Total deductions | <u>4,335</u> |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position | 12,601 |
| Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits: | |
| Beginning of Year | <u>4,349</u> |
| End of Year | <u><u>\$ 16,950</u></u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE 1- PLAN DESCRIPTION

ORGANIZATION

The Michigan Military Retirement Provisions (MMRP) is a single employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State), created under Public Act 150 of 1967, as amended. Effective January 1, 2016, Executive Order 2015-13 signed by the Governor on October 27, 2015 established the State of Michigan Retirement Board. The executive order establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provision of MMRP. The board shall administer MMRP in accordance with the State Employees' Retirement Act and all plan documents relating to the governance of the same. The board consists of nine members:

- The Attorney General
- The State Treasurer
- The Legislative Auditor General
- The State Personnel Director
- One member or retirant of the State Employees' Retirement System appointed by the Governor
- One member of the Judges' Retirement System appointed by the Governor
- One current or former officer or enlisted person in the Michigan military establishment who is a member or retirant under the Military Retirement Provisions appointed by the Governor
- One retirant member of the State Employees' Retirement System appointed by the Governor
- One member of the general public appointed by the Governor

MMRP's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to the State's National Guard members. MMRP is contained in a qualified pension trust fund under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

MMRP is administered by the Office of Retirement Services within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of MMRP resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for MMRP.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

MEMBERSHIP

At September 30, 2018, MMRP's membership consisted of the following:

| | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Inactive plan members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits: | <u>4,453</u> |
| Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits: | <u>922</u> |
| Active plan members: | <u>10,558</u> |
| Total plan members | <u><u>15,933</u></u> |

BENEFIT PROVISIONS

Introduction

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 150 of 1967, Michigan Military Act establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan.

Members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. MMRP also provides duty disability, non-duty disability and survivor benefits.

There are two kinds of benefits paid to MMRP's membership depending on classification:

- 1) State of Michigan Military Officers: This group includes the adjutant general, assistant adjutant general(s) and special duty officer(s) who are employees of the State of Michigan.
- 2) Former members of the Michigan National Guard (Army or Air Force) who have served in the State Defense Force and Michigan National Guard who are not State of Michigan Military Officers.

Eligibility

State of Michigan Military Officers can retire at age 55 with at least 20 years of services. The adjutant general and the assistant adjutant general(s) must serve four consecutive years of service as an adjutant general or assistant adjutant general. This requirement is waived if the service member is relieved due to a new governor assuming office. State of Michigan Military Officers may qualify for health benefits that are paid out of the Michigan State Employees Retirement System (MSERS).

Members of the Michigan National Guard who are not Michigan Military Officers can retire at age 60 with at least 20 years of service for members who began active service before June 30, 1967. Members who began active service after June 30, 1967, can retire at age 62 with at least 20 years of service.

Members who are age 55 and who have completed not less than 20 years of active service with the National Guard or State Defense Force, or both, may retire and receive retirement benefits under one or more of the following circumstances:

- Ineligibility, because of federal law or regulation, for further federal recognition in the person's current grade because of age or length of service, and termination of the person's commission or enlistment in the national guard of the United States.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Withdrawal of the person's federal recognition and termination of the person's commission or enlistment in the National Guard of the United States because of physical disqualification from further service.
- Separation from the National Guard or State Defense Force under an honorable circumstance.

Benefit Calculations

State of Michigan Military Officers receive an annual benefit of 2.5% of final compensation times total years of service. Final compensation is equal to the pay that an officer of like grade and total years of service would receive as indicated in appropriate federal regulations when they are retired or honorably relieved. The maximum annual benefit is 75% of final compensation. Retirement benefits will start on the date of retirement or honorable relief from duty. The spouse of a Michigan Military Officer who dies prior to retirement but after earning 15 years of special duty shall be paid a lifetime monthly benefit equal to 67% of the retired pay to which the member would have been authorized had the member retired on the day before death. Michigan Military Officers and their survivors receive annual benefit adjustments equal to the percentage by which federal military service benefits are increased.

Members of the Michigan National Guard who are not Michigan Military Officers receive \$600 per year. The benefit is payable for life. The surviving spouse of a member who dies after retiring or before becoming eligible for retirement shall receive a lifetime monthly benefit equal to a portion of the deceased person's benefit. If the member was active with at least 20 years of service before death, the spouse receives \$500 per year.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

MMRP's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the State are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of MMRP. The reserves are described below, and details are provided in the supporting schedules.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, which was adopted during the year ended September 30, 2014, addresses accounting and financial reporting requirements for pension plans. The requirements for GASB Statement No. 67 require changes in presentation of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. Significant changes include an actuarial calculation of total and net pension liability. It also includes comprehensive footnote disclosure regarding the pension liability, the sensitivity of the net pension liability to the discount rate, and increased investment activity disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 67 did not significantly impact the accounting for accounts receivable and investment balances. The total pension liability, determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, is presented in Note 4 on page 24 and in the Required Supplementary Information beginning on page 39.

As of September 30, 2017, MMRP applies GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

Reserves

Reserve for Employer Contributions – All employer contributions are credited to this reserve. At September 30, 2018, the balance in this reserve was \$28.3 million.

Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments – This represents the reserves for payment of future retirement benefits to current retirees. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce the reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount determined by an annual actuarial valuation is transferred from the Reserve for

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Employer Contributions to this reserve to bring the reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2018, the balance in this reserve was \$(11.0) million.

Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income – The net investment earnings (losses) are recorded in this reserve. Interest as authorized by the board is transferred annually to the other reserves. Administrative expenses are paid from this reserve. At September 30, 2018, the balance in this reserve was \$(348.0) thousand.

Reporting Entity

MMRP is a pension trust fund of the State. As such, MMRP is considered part of the State and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a pension trust fund. MMRP and its Board are not financially accountable for any other entities or other organizations. Accordingly, MMRP is the only entity included in this financial report.

Benefit Protection

Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed by the Michigan Legislature to protect pension benefits of public employees from alienation (being transferred). Alienation is attachment, garnishment, levy, execution, bankruptcy or other legal process except for divorce orders or eligible domestic relation orders. The statutes governing MMRP contained an "anti-alienation" clause to provide for this protection; however, many smaller public pension systems did not have the benefit of this protection. Therefore, Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed to establish legal protection of pension assets that encompasses all public employees.

Investments

Generally, investments are reported at fair value, consistent with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper are reported at amortized cost. Additional disclosures describing investments are provided in Note 5.

Investment Income

Dividend and interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Fair value changes are recorded as investment income or loss. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded as of the trade date (the date upon which the transaction is initiated), except for purchase and sale of mortgages, real estate, and private equity investments which are recorded as of the settlement date (the date upon which the transaction is ultimately completed). The effect of recording such transactions as of the settlement date does not materially affect the financial statements.

Costs of Administering MMRP

Each year a restricted general fund appropriation is requested to fund the ongoing business operations of MMRP. These administrative costs are ultimately funded by MMRP through the regular transfer of funds from MMRP to the State's general fund based on either a direct cost or allocation basis depending on the nature of the expense. Costs of administering MMRP are financed by undistributed investment income of MMRP.

Property and Equipment

Office space is leased from the State on a year-to-year basis. Office equipment is capitalized if the value exceeds \$5,000. These assets are recorded at cost and are reported net of depreciation in the *Statement of Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position*. Such assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over 10 years. MMRP does not have equipment that falls within these parameters.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Related Party Transactions

Leases and Services – MMRP leases operating space and purchases certain administrative, data processing, and legal services from the State. The space and services are not otherwise available by competitive bid. The schedule below summarizes costs incurred by MMRP for such services.

| | <u>2018</u> |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Building Rentals | \$ 2,053 |
| Technological Support | 15,202 |
| Attorney General | 49,692 |
| Personnel Services | 179,068 |

Cash – At September 30, 2018, MMRP had \$559 thousand in a common cash investment pool maintained for various State operating funds. The participating funds in the common cash pool earn interest at various rates depending upon prevailing short-term interest rates. Earnings (Losses) from these activities amounted to \$4,753 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTE 3 – CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions

The State contributes annually to MMRP, based on the actuarial required contributions to support retirement benefits, through appropriation from the state's general fund. Members do not pay contributions.

Employer contributions to MMRP are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

MMRP is required to reconcile with actuarial requirements annually. Any funding excess or deficiency for pension benefits is smoothed over 5 years. One fifth (20%) of the funding excess or deficiency is included in each of the subsequent years' contribution and is not recognized as a payable or receivable in the accounting records.

Pension contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, were determined as of the September 30, 2015 actuarial valuation. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2015, are amortized over a 21-year period beginning October 1, 2017 and ending September 30, 2038.

NOTE 4 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

Measurement of the Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is to be measured as the total pension liability, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the fair value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

| | | |
|---|----|-------------------|
| Total Pension Liability | \$ | 52,474,042 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 16,950,107 |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ | <u>35,523,935</u> |
| | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability | | 32.30% |
| | | |
| Net Pension Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll | | 6740% |
| | | |
| Total Covered Payroll | \$ | 527,097 * |

* Special duty officers only, as of 9/30/18.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan administrative and investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Bureau of Investments (BOI) for each major asset class included in the pension plan's portfolio as of September 30, 2018. These best estimates and The plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Allocation | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| <u>Asset Class</u> | <u>Target Allocation</u> | <u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*</u> |
| Domestic Equity Pools | 28.0 % | 5.7 % |
| Private Equity Pools | 18.0 | 9.2 |
| International Equity Pools | 16.0 | 7.2 |
| Long-Term Fixed Income Pools | 10.5 | 0.5 |
| Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools | 10.0 | 3.9 |
| Absolute Return Pools | 15.5 | 5.2 |
| Short-Term Investment Pools | <u>2.0</u> | 0.0 |
| TOTAL | <u>100.0 %</u> | |

* Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.52%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability for fiscal year 2018. In fiscal year 2017, the single discount rate was used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate was based on the assumption that in the future, plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

As required by GASB Statement No. 67, we determined the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate. The following table presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

| 1% Decrease | Current Discount Rate Assumption | 1% Increase |
|--------------------|---|--------------------|
| 5.75% | 6.75% | 7.75% |
| <hr/> | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| \$41,683,259 | \$35,523,935 | \$30,449,578 |

Timing of the Valuation

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the pension plan's fiscal year end.

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2018, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2017, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations for the pension plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and mortality trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedule of Contributions in Required Supplementary Information presents trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ADC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 67 for pension contributions.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The information presented in the Net Pension Liability schedules and notes was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

| | |
|---|---|
| Valuation Date | September 30, 2017 |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age, Normal |
| Asset Valuation Method | Fair Value |
| Actuarial Assumptions: | |
| Wage Inflation Rate | 2.75% |
| Investment Rate of Return | 6.75% |
| Projected Salary Increases ¹ | 2.75%, including wage inflation at 2.75% |
| Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments ¹ | Assumed 2.75% compounded for those eligible |

Mortality:

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table scaled by 93% for males and 99% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Notes Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2015 through 2017 have been adopted by MMRP for use in the determination of the total pension liability beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation.

¹ Post-retirement cost of living adjustments and pay increase assumptions apply to Special Duty Officers only.

NOTE 5 – INVESTMENTS

Investment Authority

Under Public Act 380 of 1965, as amended, the authority for the purchase and the sale of investments resides with the State Treasurer. Investments are made subject to the Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. The Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act authorizes, with certain restrictions, the investment of pension fund assets in stocks, corporate and government bonds and notes, mortgages, real estate, and certain short-term and private equity investments. Investments must be made for the exclusive purposes of providing benefits to active members, retired members and beneficiaries, and for defraying the expenses of investing the assets.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Derivatives

The State Treasurer employs the use of derivatives in the investment of the pension and other employee benefit trust funds (the trust funds).

Derivatives are used in managing the trust fund portfolios, but uses do not include speculation or leverage of investments. Less than 12% of the total trust funds' portfolio has been invested from time to time in future contracts, swap agreements, structured notes, option and forward contracts. State investment statutes limit total derivative exposure to 15% of a fund's total asset value, and restrict uses to replication of returns and hedging of assets. Swap agreements represent the largest category of derivative investments subject to this limitation. Option and Future contracts traded daily on an exchange and settling in cash daily or having a limited and fully defined risk profile at an identified, fixed cost are not subject to the derivative exposure limitation.

The derivative fair values are reported on the Statement of Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as of September 30, 2018, in their respective investment pool's fair value. Derivative net increase and decrease are reported on the Statement of Changes in Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, under "Investment income (loss)", in "Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments". Bond interest, swap payments, and dividends are reported under "Investment income (loss)", in "Interest, dividends, and other".

Derivative Investment Table as of September 30, 2018 (In Thousands):

| Investment and Investment Type | Percentage of Fair Value | Notional Value | Investments At Fair Value | Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value | Investment Income | Fair Value Subject to Credit Risk |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Government Bond Future Contracts | 0.0% | \$ 5.1 | \$ - | \$ 0.1 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Fixed Income Investments | | | | | | |
| Option Contracts | 0.7 | 8,898.7 | 122.7 | 15.1 | - | - |
| Equity and Fixed Income Investments | | | | | | |
| International Swap Agreements | 2.9 | 585.0 | 497.4 | (0.5) | (0.1) | - |
| International Equity and Fixed Income Investments | | | | | | |
| Domestic Swap Agreements | 0.0 | (6.8) | 0.2 | (5.7) | 0.2 | - |
| Domestic Equity and Fixed Income Investments | | | | | | |
| | | <u>\$ 9,482.0</u> | <u>\$ 620.3</u> | <u>\$ 9.0</u> | <u>\$ 0.1</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

To diversify the trust funds' portfolio, the State Treasurer has entered into international swap agreements with investment grade counterparties, which are tied to foreign stock market indices in approximately forty-six foreign countries. Generally, the notional amount of equity swap tied to foreign stock market indices is executed via a net total return USD index. The swap agreements provide that MMRP will pay quarterly over the term of the swap agreements, interest indexed to the three-month London Inter-Bank Offer Rate (LIBOR), adjusted for an interest rate spread, on the notional amount stated in the agreements. International equity swap agreement maturity dates range from October 2018 to June 2019. U.S. Treasury Bonds, U.S. Corporate Bonds and other public market fixed income securities, as well as, other investments are held to correspond with the notional amount of the international swap agreements. The value of the international synthetic equity structures is a combination of the value of the swap agreements and the value of the notes and other investments. The book value represents the cost of the bonds, notes and other investments. The current value represents the current value of the bonds, notes and other investments and the change in the

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

value of the underlying indices from the inception of the swap agreements. The current value is used as a representation of the fair value based on the intention to hold all swap agreements until maturity. At the maturity of the swap agreements, the trust funds will either receive the increase in the value of the equity indices from the level at the inception of the agreements or pay the decrease in the value of the indices. The combined swap structure generally realizes gains and losses on a rolling basis.

Domestic equity swap agreements provide that MMRP will pay interest monthly, quarterly or annually over the term of the swap agreements, interest indexed to the LIBOR, adjusted for an interest rate spread, on the notional amount stated in the agreements. Domestic equity swaps value is a combination of the value of the swap agreements and the value of short-term investments. Book value represents the cost of short-term and equity investments. Current value represents the fair value of the short-term investments and the change in the value of the underlying indices from the inception of the swap agreements. Domestic equity swaps' increase (decrease) primarily reflects the net changes in the domestic indices and short-term investments. Domestic equity swap agreements matured in December 2017. At September 30, 2018, there were no domestic equity swaps. To reduce the risk in the fixed income portfolio, the State Treasurer has entered into FX swap agreements, interest rate swap agreements and credit default swap agreements with investment grade counterparties. The FX swap agreements are tied to foreign currency forward exchange rates and are used to reduce the currency risk within the fixed income portfolio. The swap agreements are entered into on an as-needed basis and are generally tied to the maturity of a foreign government bond indenture denominated in a foreign currency. The purpose of the FX swap agreement that has a final maturity date of less than three months, is to reduce or eliminate the currency risk on foreign bond transactions. US Domestic LIBOR-based floating rate notes, U.S. Treasury securities, and portfolio cash are held to correspond with the notional amount of FX swap agreements within the fixed income portfolio. Interest rate swaps are used to adjust interest rate and yield curve exposures and substitute for physical securities. Long swap positions that receive fixed rate, increase exposure to long-term interest rates; short swap positions that pay fixed rate, decrease exposure. Credit default swaps (CDS) are used to manage credit exposure without buying or selling securities outright. Written CDS increase credit exposure, selling protection, obligating the portfolio to buy bonds from counterparties in the event of a default. Purchased CDS decrease exposure, buying protection, providing the right to "Put" bonds to the counterparty in the event of a default.

Counterparty credit risk is the maximum loss amount that would be incurred if the counterparties to the derivative instrument failed to perform according to the terms of the contract, without respect to any collateral or other security, or netting arrangement. As of October 2017, all derivatives investments were collateralized.

The State Treasurer traded U. S. Treasury bond future contracts to manage duration and yield curve exposure, adjust interest rate exposures and replicate government bond positions.

To enhance returns while limiting downside risk, the State Treasurer traded equity options in single securities and on indices in the Large Cap Core, Large Cap Growth, and DED Tactical Allocation Pools. Domestic equity options were used for the purpose of stock replacement, in conjunction with dividend stocks to drive excess returns over the S&P 500, and to provide added exposure to strong equity markets while limiting principal at risk. Put options are used to protect against large negative moves in market indices. Options traded by the State Treasurer in the fixed income pools are used to manage interest rate and volatility exposures. Written options generate income in expected interest rate scenarios and may generate capital losses, if unexpected interest rate environments are realized. Both written and purchased options will become worthless at expiration if the underlying instrument does not reach the strike price of the option.

Securities Lending

MMRP, pursuant to a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, has authorized State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street") to act as MMRP's agent in lending MMRP's securities to approved borrowers. State Street, as agent, enters into Securities Loan Agreements with borrowers.

During the fiscal year, State Street lent, on behalf of the State Treasurer, certain securities of MMRP held by State Street as custodian and received cash or other collateral including securities issued or guaranteed by

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

the United States government. The types of securities lent were equity, and fixed income, which includes government and corporate bonds and notes. State Street does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities delivered absent a borrower default. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to at least 100% of the fair value of the loaned securities.

Pursuant to the Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, State Street had an obligation to indemnify MMRP in the event of default by a borrower. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year that resulted in a declaration or notice of default of the Borrower.

During the fiscal year, MMRP and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate securities lending transactions upon notice. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested, together with the cash collateral of other qualified tax-exempt plan lenders, in a collective investment pool. As of September 30, 2018, such investment pool had an average duration of 9 days and an average weighted final maturity of 96 days for USD. Because the loans were terminable at will their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On September 30, 2018, MMRP had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. The fair value of collateral held and the fair value (USD) of securities on loan for the client as of September 30, 2018, was \$729,861 and \$716,451 respectively.

Risk

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, investments require certain disclosures regarding policies and practices and the risks associated with them. The credit risk, (including custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk), the interest rate risk, and the foreign currency risk are discussed in the following paragraphs. Amounts represent the pro rata share of the underlying investments as required by GASB Statement No. 40. These investments are held in internal investment pools and reported as such in the financial statements.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations.

- Short-Term Fixed Income Investments – Eligible commercial paper investments must be rated within one of the two highest ratings classifications (“1” or “2”) at the time of purchase from one of the nationally recognized ratings organizations (NRSROs) specified in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. Borrowers must have at least \$400.0 million in commercial paper outstanding, and the State Treasurer may not invest in more than 10% of the borrower’s outstanding debt.
- Long-Term Fixed Income Investments – Investment grade and noninvestment grade securities may be acquired in compliance with the parameters set forth in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, and the State Treasurer’s Investment Policy Statement for System. Public Act 314 defines investment grade as investments in the top four major grades, rated by two national rating services. At September 30, 2018, MMRP was in compliance with Public Act 314 and the Investment Policy Statement in all material aspects.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Rated Debt Investments
(in thousands)
As of September 30, 2018

| Investment Type | Fair Value | S&P | Fair Value | Moody's |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----------------|---------|
| Short Term | \$ 388 | A-1 | \$ 388 | P-1 |
| | 49 | A-2 | 9 | P-2 |
| | - | A-3 | 40 | P-3 |
| Government Securities | | | | |
| U.S. Agencies - Sponsored | - | AAA | 145 | Aaa |
| | 144 | AA | - | Aa |
| Fixed Income | | | | |
| | 34 | AAA | 86 | Aaa |
| | 60 | AA | 78 | Aa |
| | 160 | A | 189 | A |
| | 344 | BBB | 334 | Baa |
| | 74 | BB | 68 | Ba |
| | 56 | B | 66 | B |
| | 25 | CCC | 26 | Caa |
| | 6 | CC | 12 | Ca |
| | - | C | - | C |
| | 5 | D | - | D |
| | 332 | NR | 236 | NR |
| International * | | | | |
| | 17 | AAA | 14 | Aaa |
| | 16 | AA | 16 | Aa |
| | 66 | A | 116 | A |
| | 227 | BBB | 178 | Baa |
| | 26 | NR | 29 | NR |
| Securities Lending Collateral | | | | |
| Short Term | 43 | A-1 | 43 | P-1 |
| | 55 | NR | 114 | NR |
| Fixed Income | 12 | AA | 41 | Aa |
| | 173 | A | 85 | A |
| | - | BB | 447 | Ba |
| | 447 | NR | - | NR |
| Mutual Funds | 8 | AAA | 8 | AAA |
| | 7 | A | 7 | A |
| | 16 | BB | 16 | Ba |
| | 5 | B | 5 | B |
| Total | <u>\$ 2,795</u> | | <u>\$ 2,795</u> | |

NR - not rated

* International Investment types consist of domestic floating rate note used as part of a Swap strategy.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the State will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the government name.

The State Treasurer does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. However, the State's custodial bank had a credit rating of A at September 30, 2018. As of September 30, 2018, no securities were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Other than obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by the United States, its agencies or United States government sponsored enterprises, MMRP is prohibited by Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, from investing more than 5% of the outstanding obligations of any one issuer or investing more than 5% of MMRP's assets in the obligations of any one issuer. When calculating the amount of outstanding obligations, MMRP includes publicly issued and privately held debt.

At September 30, 2018, there were no investments in any single issuer that accounted for more than 5% of MMRP's assets. MMRP held one investment that exceeded the 5% cap in obligations of any one issuer. MMRP is aware of the breach and in accordance with MCL 38.1133(3)(g), is developing a prudent plan for reallocating assets to comply with the prescribed limitations.

Interest Rate Risk – Fixed Income Investments – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The State Treasurer's policy states that cash equivalents are invested in short-term fixed income securities with an average weighted maturity of less than one year to provide liquidity and safety of principal from capital market and default risk. At September 30, 2018, the fair value of MMRP's prime commercial paper was \$0.4 million with the weighted average maturity of 28 days.

The State Treasurer does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk for long-term debt investments. However, the trust funds are invested with a long-term strategy. The goal is to balance higher returns while accepting minimum risk for the return. Analyzing the yield curve on individual securities as compared to U.S. Treasuries determines, in part, what is an acceptable risk for the return. Therefore, market conditions such as lower interest rates result in shorter duration and higher interest rates result in longer duration.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Debt Securities
(in thousands)
As of September 30, 2018

| | <u>Fair Value</u> | <u>Effective Duration in Years</u> |
|----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Government | | |
| U. S. Treasury | \$ 448 | 7.3 |
| U. S. Agencies - Backed | 131 | 3.0 |
| U. S. Agencies - Sponsored | 145 | 4.0 |
| Corporate | 1,130 | 4.0 |
| International* | | |
| U.S. Treasury | 146 | 2.7 |
| Corporate | 352 | 0.4 |
| Total | <u>\$ 2,352</u> | |

Debt securities are exclusive of securities lending collateral.

*International contains Corporate Debt Securities as a part of their derivative strategies. The interest rates reset on a quarterly basis for these securities.

Foreign Currency Risk – Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit.

MMRP invests in various securities denominated in foreign currencies. Authorized global securities include equities, fixed income, mutual funds, real estate, and limited partnerships. These investments are limited to 30% of the total assets of MMRP with additional limits of not more than 5% of the outstanding global securities of any one issuer and no more than 5% of MMRP's assets in the global securities of any one issuer. In addition to these limits, the State Treasurer cannot acquire securities with companies that have active business operations in the state sponsors of terror as identified by the United States Secretary of State. At September 30, 2018, the total amount of foreign investment subject to foreign currency risk was \$3.1 million, which amounted to 18.2% of total investments (exclusive of securities lending collateral) of MMRP.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Foreign Currency Risk
(in thousands)
As of September 30, 2018

| Region | Country | Currency | Equity Fair Value in U.S. \$ | Fixed Income Fair Value in U.S. \$ | International* & Absolute Return Fair Value in U.S. \$ | Private Equity, Real Estate, & Infrastructure Fair Value in U.S. \$ |
|--------------------|----------------|------------|------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| AMERICA | | | | | | |
| | Brazil | Real | - | - | - | \$ 7 |
| | Canada | Dollar | - | \$ 2 | \$ 28 | 8 |
| | Mexico | Peso | - | 5 | - | 23 |
| | Chilean | Peso | - | 1 | - | - |
| PACIFIC | | | | | | |
| | Australia | Dollar | - | - | 14 | - |
| | Hong Kong | Dollar | - | - | 15 | - |
| | India | Rupee | - | - | - | 33 |
| | Indonesian | Rupiah | - | 1 | - | - |
| | Japan | Yen | - | 3 | 128 | - |
| | Malaysian | Ringgit | - | 1 | - | - |
| | Taiwan | New Dollar | \$ 1 | - | 3 | - |
| | China | Renminbi | 29 | - | - | 8 |
| | Singapore | Dollar | - | 1 | 3 | - |
| | Thai | Baht | - | 1 | - | - |
| EUROPE | | | | | | |
| | Denmark | Krone | - | - | 5 | - |
| | European Union | Euro | 17 | 15 | 58 | 167 |
| | Norway | Krone | - | - | 4 | - |
| | Polish | Zloty | - | 1 | - | - |
| | U.K. | Sterling | 17 | 3 | 40 | 15 |
| | Romanian | Leu | - | 1 | - | - |
| | Sweden | Krona | - | 1 | 7 | - |
| | Switzerland | Franc | 6 | - | 26 | - |
| AFRICA | | | | | | |
| | South Africa | Rand | - | 2 | - | - |
| | Liberian | Dollar | 13 | - | - | - |
| MIDDLE EAST | | | | | | |
| | Israel | New Shekel | - | 1 | 5 | - |
| OTHER | | | | | | |
| | Various | | - | - | 1,941 | 431 |
| | Total | | <u>\$ 84</u> | <u>\$ 38</u> | <u>\$ 2,276</u> | <u>\$ 692</u> |

*International includes derivatives whose market value exposure to foreign currency risk is the net amount of unrealized gains and unrealized losses. Maturity dates on these investments range from October 2018 through September 2019, with an average maturity of 0.3 years.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

MMRP categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Not all investments held by MMRP are recorded at fair value. GASB 72 allows for certain investments to be recorded at cost (or amortized cost or any other valuation method), and therefore, they are not presented in the fair value hierarchy table. Equity and Fixed Income Securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Equity Swaps and Fixed Income Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique and other significant observable inputs. Equity and Fixed Income Securities classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a third-party data and reports that are unobservable. Securities reported at Net Asset Value (NAV) are valued using the most recent third-party statement adjusted for cash flows as of September 30, 2018. Investments that are measured at fair value using the Net Asset Value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy on the following page.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. MMRP's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

| | Balance at September 30, 2018 | Fair Value Measurement Using | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| Investments by fair value level: | | | | |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | \$ 280 | \$ 280 | - | - |
| Equity | | | | |
| Depository Receipts | 40,037 | 40,037 | - | - |
| Warrants | 14 | - | - | \$ 14 |
| Common Stocks | 3,842,466 | 3,842,031 | - | 435 |
| Preferred Stocks | 541 | 541 | - | - |
| Options on Equity | 120,035 | 120,035 | - | - |
| Real Estate Investment Trusts | 353,101 | 353,101 | - | - |
| Options on Index | 2,674 | 2,674 | - | - |
| Equity Swaps | (17,019) | - | \$ (17,019) | - |
| Commingled Funds, ETF's, and PTP's | 2,231,365 | 2,231,365 | - | - |
| Convertible Bonds | 144 | - | 144 | - |
| Total Equity | 6,573,358 | 6,589,784 | (16,875) | 449 |
| Fixed Income | | | | |
| Asset Backed | 232,282 | - | 232,282 | - |
| Corporate Bonds | 932,908 | - | 926,922 | 5,986 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed | 391,084 | - | 391,084 | - |
| Government Issues | 639,461 | 594,019 | 44,769 | 673 |
| Swap | 336 | - | 336 | - |
| US Agency Issues | 118,102 | - | 118,102 | - |
| Futures on Fixed Income | 2,464 | 2,464 | - | - |
| Commingled Funds, ETF's, and PTP's | 27,659 | 27,659 | - | - |
| Options on Fixed Income | (7) | - | (7) | - |
| Total Fixed Income | 2,344,289 | 624,142 | 1,713,488 | 6,659 |
| Total investments by fair value level | \$ 8,917,926 | \$ 7,214,205 | \$ 1,696,613 | \$ 7,108 |
| Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) | | | | |
| Private Equity | \$ 2,631,893 | | | |
| Real Estate & Infrastructure | 1,678,823 | | | |
| Absolute Return | 877,371 | | | |
| Real Return & Opportunistic | 1,457,321 | | | |
| Other Limited Partnerships | 351,824 | | | |
| Total investments measured at the NAV | 6,997,231 | | | |
| Total investments measured at fair value | \$ 15,915,157 | | | |

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Additional disclosures for fair value measurements of investments in certain entities that calculate the Net Asset Value per Share (or its equivalent).

Private Equity funds

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Total investments measured at the NAV | \$ 2,631,893 |
| Unfunded commitments | 1,670,902 |

Private Equity funds include investments in approximately 243 partnerships that invest in leveraged buyouts, venture capital, mezzanine debt, distressed debt, secondary funds and other investments. This type of investments can never be redeemed with the funds, but distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. It's expected that the underlying assets of the fund are liquidated over a period of five to eight years. However, as of September 30, 2018, it is probable that all of the investments in this group will be sold at an amount different from the NAV per share (or its equivalent). Therefore, the fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using recent observable transaction information for similar investments and nonbinding bids received from potential buyers of the investments. As of September 30, 2018, a buyer for these investments has not been identified.

Real Estate and Infrastructure

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Total investments measured at the NAV | \$ 1,678,823 |
| Unfunded commitments | 281,116 |

Real Estate and Infrastructure funds include approximately 106 accounts (limited partnerships, limited liability companies, etc.) that invest in real estate or infrastructure related assets. The fair value of the Real Estate and Infrastructure funds have been determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These types of investments cannot be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from these funds will be received as the underlying investments are sold and liquidated over time. It is expected that the underlying assets will be sold over the next 5 – 15 years. However, buyers have not been determined so the fair value has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital.

Absolute Return Portfolio

| | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Total investments measured at the NAV | \$ 877,371 |
| Unfunded commitments | 35,022 |

This type invests in hedge funds and hedge fund of funds that pursue multiple strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility. The fair values of the investments in this portfolio have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. For 86.7% of the investments, investors may redeem at various dates between October 1, 2018 and April 1, 2021; 7.7% of the investments are redeemable between April 1, 2021 through August 1, 2027; and the remaining 5.6% is not redeemable on demand.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Real Return and Opportunistic Portfolio

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Total investments measured at the NAV | \$ 1,457,321 |
| Unfunded commitments | 832,541 |

This type includes 82 funds that invest in private credit, tangible and intangible real assets, or other real return and opportunistic strategies. The fair values of the investments in this portfolio have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments can never be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. It is expected that the underlying assets of the funds will be liquidated over the next 5 to 10 years. This type also includes one fund that offers quarterly redemptions with 65 day notice.

All Other Investments

| | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Total investments measured at the NAV | \$ 351,824 |
| Unfunded commitments | 20,850 |

The balance of plan assets reported at fair value includes:

- A limited partnership (LP) that invests in the equity of Japanese companies. This LP permits partners to withdraw funds quarterly with 180 days of advanced notice.
- LPs that invest in senior secured debt financing of a third-party investment fund. This investment cannot be redeemed by limited partners. The debt has a 10-year maturity, with partnership distributions to include principal as the loan collateral matures four years after the initial investment.
- A LP permitting partners to redeem its debt securities quarterly with 30 or 60 days of advanced notice.
- A LP permitting partners to redeem its debt securities with 30 days of advanced notice.
- LPs that can never be redeemed, but distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund.

NOTE 6 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Under the Administrative Procedures Act, members may appeal a decision made by the Board. Once the administrative procedure has been exhausted, the decision may be appealed in Michigan's court system. Various cases that have exhausted the administrative procedures have been appealed in the court system. These cases are in the normal course of business and MMRP does not anticipate any material loss as a result of the contingent liabilities.

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On December 28, 2018, the Governor signed Public Act 618 of 2018 which appropriated \$35.8 million in supplemental funding for the Michigan Military Retirement Provisions in the 2019 fiscal year. The supplemental funding was for the purpose of paying off the plan's Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. The full results of this supplemental funding will be reported in the September 30, 2019 MMRP CAFR and pension actuarial valuation.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (in thousands)

| | Fiscal Year | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Total Pension Liability | | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ 140 | \$ 110 | \$ 403 | \$ 357 |
| Interest | 3,555 | 3,609 | 2,829 | 3,564 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 700 | 58 | | (17,548) |
| Changes of assumptions | 2,719 | 2,505 | (30,216) | 7,086 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (3,939) | (4,090) | (3,950) | (3,923) |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | <u>3,175</u> | <u>2,192</u> | <u>(30,933)</u> | <u>(10,463)</u> |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | <u>49,299</u> | <u>47,107</u> | <u>78,040</u> | <u>88,503</u> |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) | <u>\$ 52,474</u> | <u>\$ 49,299</u> | <u>\$ 47,107</u> | <u>\$ 78,040</u> |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | |
| Contributions - Employer | \$ 16,245 | \$ 5,245 | \$ 7,780 | \$ 4,267 |
| Contributions - Member | | | | |
| Net Investment Income | 569 | 78 | 12 | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (3,939) | (4,090) | (3,950) | (3,923) |
| Administrative and Other Expenses | (273) | (475) | (251) | (344) |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | <u>12,601</u> | <u>758</u> | <u>3,591</u> | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | <u>4,349</u> | <u>3,591</u> | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | <u>\$ 16,950</u> | <u>\$ 4,349</u> | <u>\$ 3,591</u> | |
| Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | <u>\$ 35,524</u> | <u>\$ 44,950</u> | <u>\$ 43,515</u> | <u>\$ 78,040</u> |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 32.30% | 8.82% | 7.62% | 0.00% |
| Covered Payroll¹ | \$ 527 | \$ 466 | \$ 469 | \$ 484 |
| Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 6,740 % | 9,653 % | 9,269 % | 16,110 % |

¹The payroll shown applies only to special duty officers and is the payroll used in the corresponding actuarial valuation

FINANCIAL SECTION

Required Supplementary Information (continued)

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Pension Benefits
(in thousands)

| <u>Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30</u> | <u>Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)</u> | <u>Actual Employer Contribution</u> | <u>Contribution Deficiency (Excess)</u> | <u>Covered ¹ Payroll</u> | <u>Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| 2015 | \$ 6,293 | \$ 4,267 | \$ 2,026 | \$ 484 | 881 % |
| 2016 | 5,200 | 7,780 | (2,580) | 469 | 1,657 |
| 2017 | 5,200 | 5,245 | (45) | 466 | 1,126 |
| 2018 | 6,849 | 16,245 | (9,396) | 527 | 3,082 |

¹ The payroll shown applies only to special duty officers and is the payroll used in the corresponding actuarial valuation.

SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS

| <u>Fiscal Year</u> | <u>Annual Return¹</u> |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2017 | 1.36 % |
| 2018 | 9.52 |

¹ Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses

Required Supplementary Information (continued)

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE A – DESCRIPTION

Historical trend information designed to provide information about MMRP's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the preceding schedules. This information is presented to enable the reader to assess the progress made by MMRP in accumulating sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due.

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the pension benefit obligations as a factor.

The Schedule of Contributions is reported as historical trend information. The Schedule of Contributions is presented to show the responsibility of the Employer in meeting the actuarial requirements to maintain MMRP on a sound financial basis.

The Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions, and Schedule of Pension Investment Returns are schedules that are required in implementing GASB Statement No. 67. These schedules are required to show information for ten years; additional years will be displayed as it becomes available. The Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability represents in actuarial terms, the accrued liability less the fair value of assets. The Schedule of Contributions is a comparison of the employer's contributions to the actuarially determined contributions. The Schedule of Pension Investment Returns represents the annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

The information presented in the Required Supplementary Schedules was used in the actuarial valuation for purposes of determining actuarially determined contribution. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation for the pension plan follows.

Valuation:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts for fiscal year 2018 were calculated based upon the results of the September 30, 2015 actuarial valuation.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions for Fiscal Year 2018:

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age, Normal |
| Amortization Method | Level Dollar, Closed |
| Remaining Amortization Period | 21 years as of October 1, 2017, ending September 30, 2038 |
| Asset Valuation Method | N/A |
| Inflation | 2.5% |
| Salary Increases | 3.5% for Special Duty officers |
| Investment Rate of Return | 8% net of investment and administrative expenses |
| Retirement Age | Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. |
| Mortality | RP-2000 Combined Healthy Life Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2030 for males and to 2015 for females, using projection scale BB. |
| Notes | Some of the assumptions used to develop the 2018 Total Pension Liability are different than the assumptions shown above. |

FINANCIAL SECTION

Supporting Schedules

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Personnel Services:

| | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Staff Salaries | \$ 101,903 |
| Retirement and Social Security | 57,487 |
| Other Fringe Benefits | 19,678 |
| Total | <u>179,068</u> |

Professional Services:

| | |
|------------------|----------------|
| Actuarial | 106,479 |
| Attorney General | 49,692 |
| Audit | 34,080 |
| Consulting | 1,632 |
| Total | <u>191,882</u> |

Building and Equipment:

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Building Rentals | 2,053 |
| Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals | 65 |
| Total | <u>2,118</u> |

Miscellaneous:

| | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Travel and Board Meetings | 37 |
| Office Supplies | 20 |
| Postage, Telephone, and Other | 6,558 |
| Printing | 1,409 |
| Technological Support | 15,202 |
| Total | <u>23,226</u> |

Total Administrative and Other Expenses \$ 396,294

FINANCIAL SECTION

Supporting Schedules (continued)

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

| | |
|--|-------------------------|
| Real Estate Operating Expenses | \$ 289 |
| Securities Lending Expenses | 15,661 |
| Other Investment Expenses ¹ | |
| Custody Fees | 174 |
| Management Fees | 20,525 |
| Research Fees | <u>455</u> |
| Total Investment Expenses | <u>\$ 37,104</u> |

¹ Refer to the Investment Section for fees paid to investment professionals

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Actuary | \$ 106,479 |
| Attorney General | 49,692 |
| Independent Auditors | 34,080 |
| Consulting | <u>1,632</u> |
| Total Payments | <u>\$ 191,882</u> |

FINANCIAL SECTION

Supporting Schedules (continued)

DETAIL OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018 (in thousands)

| | Employer Contributions | Retired Benefit Payments | Undistributed Investment Income | Total |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Additions: | | | | |
| Contributions: | | | | |
| Employer contributions: | \$ 16,245 | | | \$ 16,245 |
| Investment income (loss): | | | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments | | | \$ 436 | 436 |
| Interest, dividends, and other | | | 150 | 150 |
| Investment expenses: | | | | |
| Other investment expenses | | | (21) | (21) |
| Securities lending activities: | | | | |
| Securities lending income | | | 20 | 20 |
| Securities lending expenses | | | (16) | (16) |
| Net investment income (loss) | | | 569 | 569 |
| Miscellaneous income | | \$ 1 | 122 | 123 |
| Total additions | 16,245 | 1 | 691 | 16,936 |
| Deductions: | | | | |
| Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: | | | | |
| Retirement benefits | | 3,939 | | 3,939 |
| Administrative and other expenses | | | 396 | 396 |
| Total deductions | | 3,939 | 396 | 4,335 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position | 16,245 | (3,938) | 295 | 12,601 |
| Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits: | | | | |
| Beginning of Year | 12,035 | (7,043) | (643) | 4,349 |
| End of Year | \$ 28,280 | \$ (10,982) | \$ (348) | \$ 16,950 |

INVESTMENT SECTION

**Prepared by Michigan Department of Treasury, Bureau of Investments
Jon M. Braeutigam, Chief Investment Officer**

Report on Investment Activity
Largest Assets Held
Schedule of Investment Fees
Schedule of Investment Commissions
Investment Summary

INVESTMENT SECTION

Report on Investment Activity

INTRODUCTION

The State Treasurer reports investment activity quarterly to the Investment Advisory Committee (Committee), which reviews the investments, goals, and objectives of the retirement funds and may submit recommendations regarding them to the State Treasurer. The Investment Advisory Committee may also, by a majority vote, direct the State Treasurer to dispose of any holdings that, in the Committee's judgment, are not suitable for the funds involved, and may, by unanimous vote, direct the State Treasurer to make specific investments.

The Investment Advisory Committee was created by Act 380 of the Public Acts of 1965. The three public members of the five-member committee are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for three-year terms. The Director of the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs and the Director of the Department of Technology, Management and Budget are ex-officio members. As of September 30, 2018, members of the Committee were as follows: James B. Nicholson (public member), Reginald G. Sanders, CFA, CAIA (public member), Dina L. Richard, CPA (public member), Shelly Edgerton (ex-officio member), and David L. DeVries (ex-officio member). The public members serve without pay but may be paid actual and necessary travel and other expenses.

INVESTMENT POLICY & GOALS

Investment policy states that the fiduciary will operate within standard investment practices of the prudent person and in accordance with Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act 314 of 1965. The fiduciary is authorized to invest in government obligations, corporate obligations, various short-term obligations, corporate (domestic and international) stocks, private equity interests, mutual funds, real estate interests, and other investments subject to specific parameters. Above all, trust fund assets are to be invested for the exclusive benefit of the members of MMRP, in a fiduciary capacity.

MMRP's Proxy Voting Policy sets forth directives on various issues including: Boards of Directors, corporate governance, social issues, corporate restructurings and defenses. All proxies are reviewed and voted in accordance with MMRP's policy.

The primary function of MMRP is to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to its members. The State Treasurer is the sole investment fiduciary and custodian of MMRP's investments pursuant to State law. The goals of MMRP are:

- Maintain sufficient liquidity to pay benefits.
- Meet or exceed the actuarial assumption over the long term.
- Perform in the top half of the public plan universe over the long term.
- Diversify assets to preserve capital and avoid large losses.
- Exceed individual asset class benchmarks over the long term.

The strategy for achieving these goals is carried out by investing the assets of MMRP according to a five year asset allocation model. MMRP currently invests in seven different asset classes, which provides for a well-diversified portfolio.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)**Asset Allocation****(Excludes Collateral on Loaned Securities)**

| <u>Investment Category</u> | <u>As of 9/30/18 Actual %</u> | <u>Five-Year Target %</u> |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Domestic Equity Pools | 26.2 % | 28.0 % |
| International Equity Pools | 16.9 | 16.0 |
| Private Equity Pools | 16.1 | 18.0 |
| Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools | 10.2 | 10.0 |
| Fixed Income Pools | 11.8 | 10.5 |
| Absolute Return Pools | 14.3 | 15.5 |
| Short-Term Investment Pools | <u>4.5</u> | <u>2.0</u> |
| TOTAL | <u><u>100.0 %</u></u> | <u><u>100.0 %</u></u> |

INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

Pursuant to State Law (Section 91 of Act No. 380 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, and Section 12c of Act No. 314 of 1965, as amended), the State Treasurer, State of Michigan, is the investment fiduciary for the State sponsored retirement systems: Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System, Michigan State Employees' Retirement System, Michigan State Police Retirement System, Michigan Judges' Retirement System and the Michigan Military Retirement Provisions. Additionally, the State Treasurer, State of Michigan, is custodian and ex officio treasurer of the retirement system for the Legislators, State of Michigan (Section 47 of Act No. 261 of the Public Acts of 1957, as amended).

Act No. 314 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, authorizes the investment of assets of public employee retirement systems or plans created and established by the State or any political subdivision.

The administrative statutory powers, duties, functions, and responsibilities concerning retirement allowances, pensions, and other retirement benefits under the Military Retirement act, were transferred to the State of Michigan Retirement Board by Executive order 2015-13, and by extension, the investment duties to the State Treasurer. MMRP is pooled and invested alongside the Michigan State Employees' pension fund.

INVESTMENT RESULTS***Total Portfolio Results***

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, MMRP's total rate of return was 11.0% as compiled by State Street Investment Analytics.

Investment return calculations are prepared using a Time-Weighted rate of return.

Domestic Equity Pools

The objective for investments made in domestic equities is to meet or exceed the total return of the S&P 1500 Super Composite for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

INVESTMENT SECTION

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant S&P Index (or the most relevant Russell Index), adjusting for market capitalization and style, for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market cap and style characteristics.

For index, or passive return strategies, the objective is to return within 20 basis points of the S&P 500 Index, 50 basis points for the S&P 400 mid-cap, and 60 basis points for the S&P 600 small-cap over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

The pools are invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the S&P 1500 while providing minimal tracking error to the index. At times a portion of these pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The pools invest in equities and equity related securities that are listed on U.S. national securities exchanges, including American Depository Receipts (ADRs). They may also invest in stocks that are traded over-the-counter. The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the capitalization weightings of the S&P 1500 Index.

The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2018:

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| Active | 55.7 % |
| Passive | 44.3 |
| Total | <u>100.0 %</u> |

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| Large-Cap | 64.8 % |
| Multi-Cap | 27.0 |
| Mid-Cap | 6.8 |
| Small-Cap | 1.4 |
| Total | <u>100.0 %</u> |

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

MMRP's Domestic Equity pools total rate of return was 20.9% for fiscal year 2018. This compared with 17.7% for the S&P 1500 index.

At the close of fiscal year 2018, the Domestic Equity pools represented 26.2% of total investments. The following summarizes MMRP's 0.02% ownership share of the Domestic Equity pools at September 30, 2018:

Domestic Equity Pools (in thousands)

| | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Short-Term Pooled Investments | \$ | 71 |
| Equities | | 4,373 |
| Settlement Principal Payable | | (8) |
| Accrued Dividends | | 6 |
| Total | \$ | 4,442 |

International Equity Pools

The objective for investments made in International Equity pools is to meet or exceed the total return of the MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant S&P Index (or the most relevant Russell Index), adjusting for market capitalization, style and geography for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market capitalization, style and geography characteristics.

For index, or passive return strategies, the objective is to return within 250 basis points of the S&P/Citigroup BMI-EPAC Index with 25% of the currency hedged for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Return within 400 basis points of the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

Active exposure is invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of non-U.S. companies through externally managed strategies.

Passive exposure to International Equity returns is achieved primarily by investing in a combination of fixed income LIBOR notes, short-term fixed income investments, and equity swap agreements on foreign stock indices in developed markets. Interest on the dedicated notes and short-term fixed income investments is exchanged for international stock returns, and the total notional amount of the swap agreements is invested in the approximate proportions of the S&P Broad Market Index (BMI) Europe and Pacific Composite (EPAC) country weightings in related indices. Use of swap agreements for a core position began in 1993, an American Depository Receipts (ADR) and index-related security portfolio was added in June of 1999 to increase portfolio management flexibility, and a multiple country fund portfolio with smaller capitalization stocks was added in September of 2002 to improve exposure to the smallest companies in the BMI index. Use of futures as an investment to hedge cash flows and balances began in December of 2008, and this use is expected to continue in the future. The combined Swap agreements, notes and short-term investments together continue to perform like a stock index fund that realizes all gains and losses on a rolling three year basis.

The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the economic development status weightings of the S&P/Citigroup BMI -World ex-US Index.

INVESTMENT SECTION

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

The following summarizes the weightings of the pool as of September 30, 2018:

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| Active | 79.5 % |
| Passive | <u>20.5</u> |
| Total | <u>100.0 %</u> |

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| Developed | 92.9 % |
| Emerging | <u>7.1</u> |
| Total | <u>100.0 %</u> |

MMRP's International Equity pools total rate of return was 2.0% for fiscal year 2018. This compared with 1.8% for the MSCI ACWI Ex US Net.

At the close of fiscal year 2018, the International Equity pools represented 16.9% of total investments. The following summarizes MMRP's 0.02% ownership share of the International Equity Pools at September 30, 2018:

International Equity Pools (in thousands)

| | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Short-Term Pooled Investments | \$ 11 |
| Equities | 2,382 |
| Fixed Income Securities | 498 |
| Fair Value of Equity Contracts | (19) |
| Accrued Dividends and Interest | 2 |
| Total | <u>\$ 2,874</u> |

Private Equity Pools

The Private Equity pools objective is to meet or exceed the benchmark for all private equity investments over long time periods. The benchmark is a blend of the S&P 500 Index plus 300 basis points and the 10 Year Yield plus 300 basis points using ending weights of equity and fixed income holdings within the portfolio.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

Private Equity Investments are investments in the private equity market, primarily through limited partnerships. The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2018:

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Buyout Funds | 45.9 % |
| Special Situation Funds | 15.7 |
| Fund of Funds | 14.4 |
| Venture Capital Funds | 11.9 |
| Liquidation Portfolio | 10.3 |
| Mezzanine Funds | 1.8 |
| Total | <u>100.0 %</u> |

The Private Equity pools had a return of 19.5% for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, versus the benchmark of 17.7%.

At the close of fiscal year 2018, the Private Equity pools represented 16.1% of total investments. The following summarizes MMRP's 0.02% ownership share of the Private Equity pools at September 30, 2018:

Private Equity Pools (in thousands)

| | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Short-Term Pooled Investments | \$ | 94 |
| Equities | | 2,630 |
| Long Term Obligations | | 3 |
| Total | \$ | <u>2,727</u> |

Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools

The objective of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools is to provide diversification and favorable risk adjusted returns primarily through income and appreciation of investments. Investments are typically held through investment entities, such as limited partnerships or limited liability companies, established for the specific purpose of owning, leasing, managing, financing, or developing real estate and infrastructure related investments.

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools diversify its holdings by:

- **Geography** – The pools are invested globally and are diversified geographically so that it is not concentrated in a limited number of markets or geographic areas.
- **Size and Value** – The pools diversify its holdings by size so that it is not concentrated in a limited number of large investments.

INVESTMENT SECTION

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

- **Investment Type** – The pools are diversified by investment type as summarized below.

| | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Multi-family apartments | 42.8 % |
| Hotel | 12.4 |
| Commercial office buildings | 11.2 |
| Infrastructure | 10.6 |
| Industrial warehouse buildings | 7.9 |
| Retail shopping centers | 4.4 |
| For Rent Homes | 4.1 |
| For Sale Homes | 3.7 |
| Land | 1.4 |
| Short Term Investments | 1.5 |
| Total | <u>100.0 %</u> |

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools generated a return of 12.3% for fiscal year 2018. The two benchmark returns from the National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries: the National Property Blended Index (less 130 basis points) was 5.8% and the Open-End Diversified Core Equity Index was 7.7%.

At the close of fiscal year 2018, the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools represented 10.2% of total investments. The following summarizes MMRP's 0.02% ownership share of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools at September 30, 2018:

Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools (in thousands)

| | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Short-Term Pooled Investments | \$ | 26 |
| Real Estate Equities | | 1,517 |
| Infrastructure Equities | | 183 |
| Total | \$ | <u>1,726</u> |

Fixed Income Pools

The objective for investments made in the Fixed Income pools is to meet or exceed the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index over one, three, and five-year periods and market cycles. Rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

For Fixed Income sub-strategies, the objective return is to meet or exceed the most relevant Barclays benchmark index.

The pools are invested primarily in fixed income securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the blended benchmark while providing minimal tracking error to the index. At times a portion of the pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

The pools invest in fixed income and related securities in a diversified portfolio of investment grade corporate issues, treasuries, agencies, government sponsored enterprises and government guaranteed mortgages. The pools diversify its investments by allocating its strategies with consideration of credit risk.

MMRP's Fixed Income pools total rate of return was 1.2% for fiscal year 2018. This compared with (1.2%) for the Barclays Aggregate Bond benchmark.

At the close of fiscal year 2018, the Fixed Income pools represented 11.8% of total investments. The following summarizes MMRP's 0.02% ownership share of the Fixed Income pools at September 30, 2018:

**Fixed Income Pools
(in thousands)**

| | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Short-Term Pooled Investments | \$ | 8 |
| Fixed Income Securities | | 1,982 |
| Accrued interest | | 6 |
| Total | \$ | <u>1,996</u> |

Absolute Return Pools

The Absolute Return Pools consist of the Absolute Return Strategies Pool and the Real Return and Opportunistic Investment Pool.

The primary investment objective of the Absolute Return Strategies Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds T-bills by 400 basis points net of fees over the one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Also, exceed the appropriate HFN Fund of Funds median net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

The primary investment objective of the Real Return and Opportunistic Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds the increase in the CPI by at least five percent (5%) annually net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. If a peer universe is available, rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

For sub-strategies targeting a commodities index, the objective is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds the Dow Jones-AIG Total Return Commodities Index over one, three, and five year periods and a market cycle. Rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

The Real Return and Opportunistic Investments pool rate of return for the fiscal year was 14.4% versus the benchmark's 7.6%.

At the close of fiscal year 2018, the Absolute Return Pools represented 14.3% of total investments. The following summarizes MMRP's 0.02% ownership share of the Absolute Return Pools at September 30, 2018:

**Absolute Return Pools
(in thousands)**

| | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Short-Term Pooled Investments | \$ | 88 |
| Equities | | <u>2,335</u> |
| Total | \$ | <u>2,423</u> |

INVESTMENT SECTION

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

Short-Term Investment Pools

The objective of the Short-Term Investment pools is to closely match the return performance of its benchmark, the 30-day Treasury bill. The Short-Term Investment pools return for the fiscal year was 1.6% versus the benchmark's 1.5%.

Potential areas of investment are:

- Obligations of the United States or its agencies.
- Banker's acceptances, commercial accounts, certificates of deposit or depository receipts.
- Repurchase agreements for the purchase of securities issued by the US government or its agencies.
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two national rating services as determined by the State Treasurer.
- Short duration investment grade corporate issues.

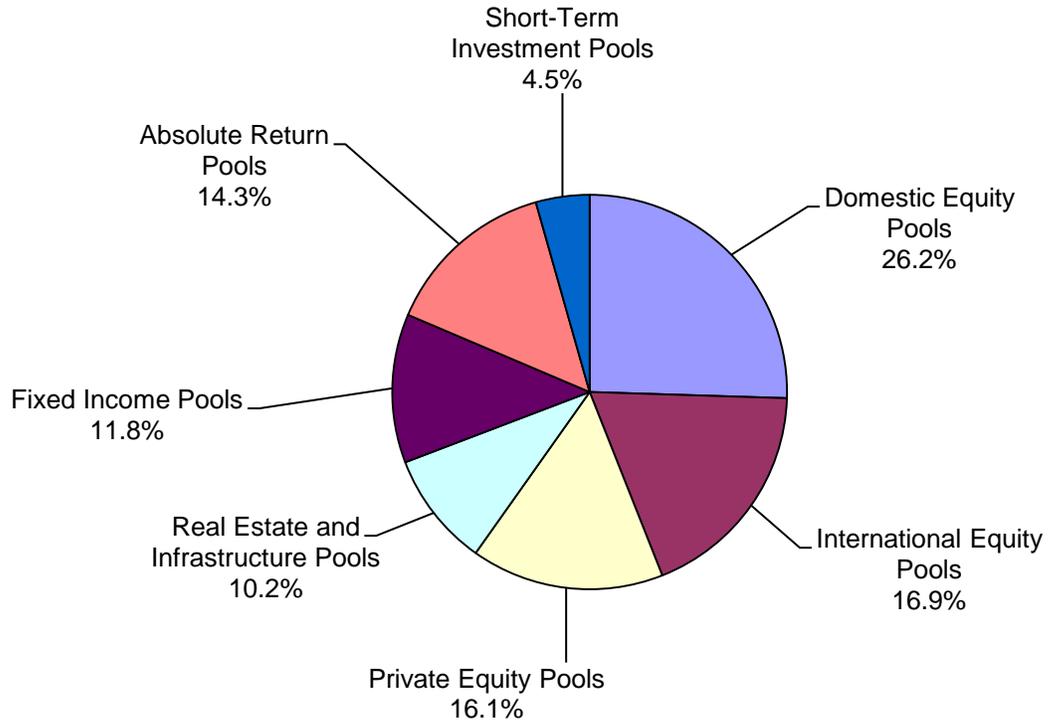
At the close of fiscal year 2018, the Short-Term Investment pools represented 4.5% of total investments. The following summarizes MMRP's 0.04% ownership share of the Short-Term Investment pools at September 30, 2018:

Short-Term Investment Pools (in thousands)

| | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|
| Short-Term Pooled Investments | \$ | 140 |
| Fixed Income Securities | | 631 |
| Total | \$ | <u>771</u> |

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

ASSET ALLOCATION – SECURITY TYPE ONLY



INVESTMENT SECTION

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

Pension Plan Investment Results for the Period Ending September 30, 2018

| Investment Category | <u>Annualized Rate of Return</u> ¹ Current Year |
|--|---|
| Total Portfolio | 11.0 % |
| Domestic Equity Pools | 20.9 |
| S&P 1500 Index | 17.7 |
| International Equity Pools | 2.0 |
| International Blended Benchmark ² | 1.8 |
| Private Equity Pools | 19.5 |
| Private Equity Blended Benchmark ³ | 17.7 |
| Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools | 12.3 |
| NCREIF Property Blended Index ⁴ | 5.8 |
| Fixed Income Pools | 1.2 |
| Barclays Aggregate Bond | (1.2) |
| Absolute Return Pools | |
| Total Absolute Return | 6.0 |
| HFRI Fund of Fund Cons 1 month lag | 3.7 |
| Total Real Return and Opportunistic | 14.4 |
| Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark ⁵ | 7.6 |
| Short Term Investment Pools | 1.6 |
| 30 Day Treasury Bill | 1.5 |

¹Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards.

Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

²As of 7/1/14 index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex US Gross.

History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25.

History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

³As of 1/1/07, index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps and 10 year yield plus 300 bps based on ending weights.

History prior to 1/1/07 is S&P500 plus 300 bps.

⁴As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

⁵As of 8/1/18 Benchmark is 50% (CPI + 5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 7.05%).

History prior to 8/1/18 reflects 50% (CPI + 5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%)

INVESTMENT SECTION

Largest Assets Held¹

Largest Stock Holdings (By Fair Value) September 30, 2018

| Rank | Shares | Stocks | Fair Value |
|------|--------|--------------------------------|------------|
| 1 | 662 | Apple Inc. | \$ 149,487 |
| 2 | 877 | Microsoft Corp. | 100,310 |
| 3 | 5,160 | AGNC Investment Corp. | 96,128 |
| 4 | 47 | Amazon.com Inc. | 93,699 |
| 5 | 58 | Alphabet Inc. CL A | 69,487 |
| 6 | 313 | Berkshire Hathaway Inc. CL B | 67,117 |
| 7 | 6,326 | Annaly Capital Management Inc. | 64,711 |
| 8 | 413 | Visa Inc. CL A | 61,943 |
| 9 | 264 | Home Depot Inc. | 54,680 |
| 10 | 312 | Facebook Inc. | 51,262 |

Largest Bond Holdings (By Fair Value)² September 30, 2018

| Rank | Par Amount | Bonds & Notes | Fair Value |
|------|------------|--|------------|
| 1 | 54,247 | US Treasury N/B 2.75% Due 02/15/2028 | \$ 52,888 |
| 2 | 42,621 | US Treasury N/B 3% Due 02/15/2048 | 41,017 |
| 3 | 40,041 | US Treasury N/B 1.5% Due 05/15/2020 | 39,230 |
| 4 | 40,242 | US Treasury N/B 2.25% Due 02/15/2027 | 37,879 |
| 5 | 34,681 | US Treasury N/B 1.875% Due 07/31/2022 | 33,369 |
| 6 | 28,346 | US Treasury N/B 2.25% Due 11/15/2027 | 26,532 |
| 7 | 26,918 | US Treasury N/B 2.125% Due 5/15/2025 | 25,487 |
| 8 | 28,040 | US Treasury N/B 1.625% Due 2/15/2026 | 25,445 |
| 9 | 24,033 | Ford Motor Credit Co. LLC 3.548750% FRN Due 02/15/2023 | 23,900 |
| 10 | 22,673 | AT&T Inc. 3.514250% FRN Due 06/12/2024 | 22,775 |

¹ A complete list of holdings is available from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

² Largest Bond Holdings are exclusive of securities lending collateral.

MMRP's assets are commingled in various pooled accounts. Amounts, par value and number of shares represent MMRP's pro-rata share based on its ownership of the investment pools.

INVESTMENT SECTION

Schedule of Investment Fees

The State Treasurer is the investment fiduciary and custodian of MMRP's funds pursuant to State law. Outside advisors are utilized to augment the State Treasurer's internal staff. 67.08% of the total investment portfolio is managed by fully discretionary outside advisors. The Michigan Department of Treasury's cost of operations applicable to MMRP for the fiscal year amounted to \$0 or zero basis points (0.0%) of the fair value of the Assets under Management of the State Treasurer.

Public Act 380 of 1965 created an Investment Advisory Committee (Committee) comprised of the directors of the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs and the Department of Technology, Management & Budget, or their duly authorized representatives, and three public members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The public members serve without pay, but may be paid actual and necessary travel and other expenses. The Committee meets quarterly to review investments, goals and objectives and may submit recommendations to the State Treasurer. The Committee may also, by a majority vote, direct the State Treasurer to dispose of any holding which, in the Committee's judgment, is not suitable for the fund involved, and may by unanimous vote direct the State Treasurer to make specific investments.

Schedule of Investment Fees

Investment Managers' Fees:

| | <u>Assets under Management (in thousands)</u> | <u>Fees (in thousands)</u> | <u>Basis Points*</u> |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| State Treasurer | \$ 5,584 | | 0.0 |
| Outside Advisors for | | | |
| Fixed Income | 1,029 | \$ 1 | 9.7 |
| Absolute Return | 2,407 | 4 | 16.6 |
| International Equity | 2,373 | 1 | 4.2 |
| Domestic Equity | 1,115 | 1 | 9.0 |
| Private Equity | 2,727 | 8 | 29.3 |
| Real Estate and Infrastructure | 1,726 | 5 | 29.0 |
| Total | <u>\$ 16,961</u> | <u>\$ 20</u> | |

Other Investment Services Fees:

| | | |
|--------------------|-----------|------|
| Assets in Custody | \$ 16,400 | \$ 1 |
| Securities on Loan | 730 | 1 |

* Private Equity partnership agreements that define the management fees, the asset management fees range from 75 basis points on remaining assets under management to 250 basis points of the committed capital. For Real Estate/Infrastructure, the asset management fees range from 40 to 200 basis points. For Absolute Return, the asset management fees range from 0 to 200 basis points. These fees, in most cases, are netted against income.

Schedule of Investment Commissions

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

| | Actual Commissions Paid ¹ | Actual Number of Shares Traded ¹ | Average Commission Per Share | Estimated Trade Costs Per Share | Estimated Research Costs Per Share | Estimated Trade Costs | Estimated Research Costs |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Investment Brokerage Firms: | | | | | | | |
| Banc of America Securities LLC | \$ 3 | 90 | \$ 0.03 | \$ 0.01 | \$ 0.02 | \$ 1 | \$ 2 |
| BTIG LLC | 49 | 9,577 | 0.01 | 0.01 | - | 96 | - |
| Capital Institutional Services Inc. | 16 | 2,875 | 0.01 | 0.01 | - | 29 | - |
| Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. | 2 | 187 | 0.01 | 0.01 | - | 2 | - |
| Cowen & Company LLC | 10 | 496 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 5 | 5 |
| Credit Suisse Securities LLC | 4 | 188 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 |
| Drexel Hamilton LLC | 3 | 612 | 0.01 | 0.01 | - | 6 | - |
| J. P. Morgan Securities Inc. | 4 | 230 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 |
| Mischler Financial Group Inc. | 1 | 57 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 1 | 1 |
| Morgan Stanley & Co. Inc. | 10 | 457 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 5 | 5 |
| RBC Capital Markets | - | - | 0.01 | 0.01 | - | - | - |
| Stifel, Nicolaus & Co. Inc. | 1 | 15 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.03 | - | - |
| Wayne & Company | 40 | 13,267 | - | 0.01 | - | 132 | - |
| Total | \$ 143 | 28,051 | \$ 0.02 ² | \$ 0.01 | \$ 0.01 | \$ 281 | \$ 17 |

¹ Commissions are included in purchase and sale prices of investments. The commissions and shares represent MMRP's pro-rata share based on ownership of commission and share transactions in the investment pools.

² The average commission per share for all brokerage firms.

INVESTMENT SECTION

Investment Summary

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

| | <u>Fair Value</u> ¹ | <u>Percent of Market Value</u> | <u>Investment & Interest Income</u> ² | <u>Percent of Total Investment & Interest Income</u> |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Fixed Income Pools | \$ 1,995,615 | 11.8 % | \$ 6,289 | 1.1 % |
| Domestic Equity Pools | 4,442,400 | 26.2 | 266,223 | 45.4 |
| Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools | 1,726,383 | 10.2 | 69,561 | 11.9 |
| Private Equity Pools | 2,726,608 | 16.1 | 148,281 | 25.3 |
| International Equity Pools | 2,874,329 | 16.9 | 21,082 | 3.6 |
| Absolute Return Pools | 2,422,570 | 14.3 | 68,986 | 11.8 |
| Short Term Investment Pools ³ | <u>770,994</u> | <u>4.5</u> | <u>5,696</u> | <u>1.0</u> |
| Total | <u>\$ 16,958,898</u> | <u>100.0 %</u> | <u>\$ 586,118</u> | <u>100.0 %</u> |

¹ Fair value excludes \$729,861 in securities lending collateral for fiscal year 2018.

² Total Investment & Interest Income excludes net security lending income of \$4,406 and unrealized loss of \$360 for securities lending collateral.

³ Short term investment pools fair value includes \$558,616 of equity in common cash.

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Actuary's Certification
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
Actuarial Valuation Data
Prioritized Solvency Test
Analysis of System Experience
Summary of Plan Provisions

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Actuary's Certification



800.521.0498 | P: 248.799.9000 | F: 248.799.9020 | www.grsconsulting.com

October 31, 2018

Mr. David Devries, Director
Department of Technology, Management and Budget
and
The State of Michigan Retirement Board
P.O. Box 30171
Lansing, Michigan 48909

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The basic financial objective of the Military Retirement Provisions (MRP) is to establish and receive contributions which when combined with present assets and future investment return will be sufficient to meet the financial obligations of the plan to present and future benefit recipients. The progress towards meeting these financial objectives is illustrated in the Schedule of Funding Progress and the Schedule of Employer Contributions.

We performed an actuarial funding valuation and issued an actuarial funding report for the MRP as of September 30, 2017. The purpose of the September 30, 2017 annual actuarial valuation was to determine the contribution requirements for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, to measure the plan's funding progress, and to provide actuarial information in connection with applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board statements. The valuation should not be relied upon for any other purpose. The valuation process develops employer contributions that are sufficient to fund the plan's normal cost (i.e., the costs assigned by the valuation method to the year of service about to be rendered), as well as to fund any unfunded accrued liabilities over a reasonable period. The valuation was completed based upon population data, asset data and plan provisions in effect on September 30, 2017.

In addition to the funding valuation report, a separate report is issued to provide financial reporting information for the MRP in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 67 and 68. A report containing the actuarial results of the financial reporting valuation is produced annually after the publication of this letter. Financial reporting information is based upon a measurement date of September 30, 2018 for GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68.

The valuation was based upon information provided by the plan's administrative staff concerning benefit provisions, financial transactions, and individual members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked the data for internal and year to year consistency, but did not audit the data. As a result, we do not assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data provided by the plan's administrative staff. The actuary summarizes and tabulates population data in order to analyze long term trends. The plan's external auditor audits the actuarial data annually.

One Towne Square | Suite 800 | Southfield, Michigan 48076-3723

Actuary's Certification (continued)

Mr. David Devries
October 31, 2018
Page 2

Annual actuarial valuations are based upon assumptions regarding future activity in specific risk areas including the rate of investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the various classes of benefits and longevity among retired lives. These assumptions are adopted by the Board and the Department after considering the advice of the actuary and other professionals. The assumptions and the methods comply with the disclosure requirements of the applicable GASB Statements. Each actuarial valuation takes into account all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution requirements as needed.

The following schedules in the Financial Section, the Actuarial Section, and the Statistical Section of the CAFR were prepared by the Department of Financial Services based upon certain information presented in the previously mentioned funding and financial reporting valuation reports:

Financial Section

- Note 1 - Table of Plan's Membership
- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions
- Schedule of Employer Contributions – Pension Benefits
- Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (NPL) and Related Ratios
- Schedules of Contributions Multiyear
- Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate

Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year
- Separation from Active Employment Before Age and Service Retirement and Individual Pay Increase Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Member Pension Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the Retirement Rolls
- Prioritized Solvency Test
- Analysis of Plan Experience

Statistical Section

- Schedules of Average Benefit Payments – Pension
- Schedule of Funding Progress

The September 30, 2018 financial reporting valuation is based upon assumptions that were recommended in connection with a study of plan's experience covering the period from October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2017. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from those presented in the annual valuations due to such factors as experience differing from that anticipated by actuarial assumptions, or changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions/methods or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements.



ACTUARIAL SECTION

Actuary's Certification (continued)

Mr. David Devries
October 31, 2018
Page 3

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

The actuarial valuations of the MRP were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board and in compliance with applicable State statutes. The assumptions and methods used for funding and financial reporting purposes are in conformity with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. Louise Gates and Mita Drazilov are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. It is our opinion that the calculated employer contribution meets the financial objective of the pension plan.

Respectfully submitted,



Louise M. Gates, ASA, FCA, MAAA



Mita D. Drazilov, ASA, FCA, MAAA



ACTUARIAL SECTION

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

1. The investment return rate used in the valuations was 7.5% per year net of expenses, compounded annually. This rate of return is not the assumed real rate of return. The real rate of return is the rate of investment return in excess of the inflation rate. Considering other financial assumptions, this 7.5% investment return rate translates to an assumed long-term real rate of return 4.0%. Adopted beginning with the 2016 valuation.
2. The healthy life mortality table used in evaluating allowances to be paid was the RP-2000 Male Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2030 using projection scale BB, and 100% of the RP-2000 Female Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2015 using projection scale BB. Adopted beginning with the 2015 valuation.
3. Sample probabilities of retirement with an age and service allowance are shown in Schedule 1 on the next page.
4. Sample probabilities of withdrawal from service assumptions, are shown in Schedule 2 on the next page.
5. Total active (Special Duty Officer) member payroll is assumed is to increase 3.5% per year. This represents the portion of the individual pay increase assumptions. In effect, this assumes no change in the number of active Special Duty Officer members.
6. An individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation was used in determining actuarial liabilities and normal cost. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, including actuarial gains and losses, were financed over a declining 20-year period beginning for years beginning with the 2016 actuarial valuation.
7. For investment gains and losses that occur, a 5-year smoothing technique will be used. Specifically, the excess (shortfall) of actual investment income (including interest, dividends, realized and unrealized gains or losses) over the imputed income at the valuation interest rate is considered the gain (loss), which is spread over five years. Adopted beginning with the 2016 valuation.
8. The data about persons now covered and about present assets was furnished by the plan's administrative staff. Although examined for general reasonableness, the data was not audited by the actuary.
9. The actuarial valuation computations were made by or under the supervision of a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA). The assumptions used in the actuarial valuations were adopted by the plan's Board and the Department of Technology, Management & Budget after consulting with the actuary.
10. Gabriel Roeder Smith and Co. was awarded the actuarial and consulting services contract beginning October 4, 2006.

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Method (continued)

SCHEDULE 1

Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year

| <u>Age</u> | <u>% Retiring M Day</u> | <u>% Retiring Special Duty</u> |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 55 | 100% | 10% |
| 56 | 100 | 10 |
| 57 | 100 | 10 |
| 58 | 100 | 10 |
| 59 | 100 | 10 |
| 60 and over | 100 | 100 |

SCHEDULE 2

Separation From Active Employment Before Age & Service Retirement & Individual Pay Increase Assumptions

| <u>Sample Ages</u> | <u>Completed Years of Service</u> | <u>Percent Separating within Next Year</u> | |
|------------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| | | <u>M Day</u> | <u>Special Duty</u> |
| All | 0 | 42.0 % | N/A |
| | 1 | 38.0 | N/A |
| | 2 | 30.0 | N/A |
| | 3 | 20.0 | N/A |
| | 4 | 17.0 | N/A |
| 25 | 5 & Over | 15.4 | 7.0 % |
| 30 | | 14.4 | 7.0 |
| 35 | | 13.4 | 7.0 |
| 40 | | 10.6 | 7.0 |
| 45 | | 8.4 | 4.5 |
| 50 | | 7.4 | 2.0 |
| 55 | 6.4 | 2.0 | |

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Actuarial Valuation Data

Schedule of Active Member Pension Valuation Data

| Valuation Date Sept. 30 | Number ¹ | Reported Annual Payroll | Average Annual Pay | Increase (Decrease) | Average Age | Average Service |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| 2016 | 10,144 | \$ 465,680 | \$ 155,227 | -3.87% | 31.5 | 7.1 |
| 2017 | 10,394 | 493,395 | 164,465 | 5.95 | 31.4 | 7.1 |

¹ Includes all plan members with only 3 special duty officers who receive annual pay as reported above.

Schedule of Changes in the Retirement Rolls

| Year Ended Sept. 30 | Added to Rolls | | Removed from Rolls | | Rolls – End of Year | | Increase in Annual Allowances | Average Annual Allowances |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | No. | Annual Allowances | No. | Annual Allowances | No. | Annual Allowances | | |
| 2016 | 177 | \$ 118,680 | 100 | \$ 93,168 | 4,325 | \$ 3,912,600 | 0.7% | \$ 905 |
| 2017 | 183 | 161,481 | 146 | 141,031 | 4,362 | 3,933,051 | 0.5 | 902 |

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Prioritized Solvency Test

MMRP funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level from year to year as a percent of member payroll. If the contributions to MMRP are level in concept and soundly executed, MMRP will pay all promised benefits when due, the ultimate test of financial soundness. Testing for level contribution rates is the long-term solvency test.

A prioritized solvency test is another means of checking MMRP progress under its funding program. In a short condition test, the plan's present assets (cash and investments) are compared with: (1) active member contributions on deposit; (2) the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives; and (3) the liabilities for service already rendered by active and inactive members. In a system that has been following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing, the liabilities for active member contributions on deposit (liability 1) and the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives (liability 2) will be fully covered by present assets (except in rare circumstances). In addition, the liabilities for service already rendered by active members (liability 3) are normally partially covered by the remainder of present assets. Generally, if MMRP has been using level-cost financing, the funded portion of liability 3 will increase over time. Liability 3 being fully funded is not necessarily a by-product of level percent of payroll funding methods.

The schedules that follow illustrate the history of the liabilities of MMRP and are indicative of MMRP policy of following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing.

| Valuation Date | Pension Benefits (\$ in thousands) | | | Valuation Assets | Portion of AAL Covered by Assets | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------|----------------------------------|------|------|------------------|
| | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) | | | | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) ² |
| | (1) Active Member Contributions | (2) Retirants and Beneficiaries | (3) Active and Inactive Members (Employer Financed Portion) | | | | | |
| Sept. 30 | | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | \$ - | \$ 38,889,306 | \$ 8,270,646 | \$ 3,696,232 | 0.0% | 9.5% | 0.0% | 7.8% |
| 2016 ¹ | - | 40,483,759 | 9,191,169 | 3,696,232 | 0.0 | 9.0 | 0.0 | 7.4 |
| 2017 | - | 40,022,670 | 9,927,450 | 4,602,232 | 0.0 | 11.5 | 0.0 | 9.2 |

¹ Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods

² Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Analysis of System Experience

Gains/(Losses) in Accrued Liabilities During Year Ended September 30, 2017 Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience & Actual Experience

| <u>Type of Activity</u> | <u>Gain/(Loss)</u> |
|---|---------------------|
| 1. Demographic. Includes retirement, withdrawal and death. | \$ (849,964) |
| 2. Investment Income. If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss. | <u>(69,864)</u> |
| 3. Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year | <u>\$ (919,828)</u> |

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Summary of Plan Provisions

Our actuarial valuation of the Military Retirement Provisions is based on our understanding of the present provisions of Public Act 150 of 1967.

Retirement Benefits

Eligibility

- Age 60 with at least 20 years of service for members who began active service before June 30, 1967.
- Age 62 with at least 20 years of active service.
- Age 55 with at least 20 years of service and one or more of the following:
 - a. Ineligibility and termination of the person's commission or enlistment.
 - b. Physical disqualification from service.
 - c. Separation from the National Guard under an honorable circumstance.
- Age 55 with at least 20 years of service for Special Duty officers (the Adjutant General and any assistant Adjutant General). To be eligible, the Adjutant General or Assistant Adjutant General must serve at least four consecutive years of special duty as the Adjutant General or Assistant Adjutant General. This requirement is waived if the service member is relieved due to a new governor assuming office.
- Officers, Warrant Officers, and Enlisted personnel must retire upon reaching the age of 62 (assuming they have at least 20 years of service).

Annual Amount – Members on special duty receive an annual benefit of 2.5% of final compensation times total benefit service; the maximum annual benefit is capped at Federal Executive Level II pay. Upon reaching age 60 (or at retirement if after age 60), this benefit is offset by the initial Federal government military service retirement benefit. Non-special duty members receive \$600 per annum. The benefit is payable for life.

Vesting

Inactive members with 20 or more years of service are entitled to a benefit upon reaching age 62.

Survivor Benefits

The surviving spouse of a deceased National Guard member receives \$500 per annum if the former member died while in active service, or had at least 20 years of active service and who, at the time of death, met one of the three additional requirements:

- (1) Honorable discharge,
- (2) Termination due to disability, or
- (3) Reaching the Federal limit for age or length of service.

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Summary of Plan Provisions (continued)

The spouse of the Adjutant General or Assistant Adjutant General who dies prior to retirement but after earning 15 years of active service shall be paid a lifetime monthly benefit equal to 67% of the retired pay to which the member would have been authorized had the member retired on the day before death. The spouse of the Adjutant General or Assistant Adjutant General who dies after retirement shall be paid a lifetime monthly benefit equal to 50% of the retired pay.

Post-Retirement Cost-of-Living Adjustments

Retired special duty members, and their survivors, receive annual benefit adjustments equal to the percentage by which federal military service benefits are increased.

ACTUARIAL SECTION

This page was intentionally left blank.

STATISTICAL SECTION

Schedule of Pension Plan Additions by Source

Schedule of Pension Plan Deductions by Type

Schedules of Average Benefit Payments

Schedules of Funding Progress

History of Membership

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of MMRP comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about MMRP overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how MMRP's financial performance and fiscal health has changed over time. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Pension Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of Pension Plan Deductions by Type

Operating Information

These schedules contain contextual information to assist the reader's understanding of how MMRP's financial information relates to the combination of participating members and the benefits it provides. Schedules included are:

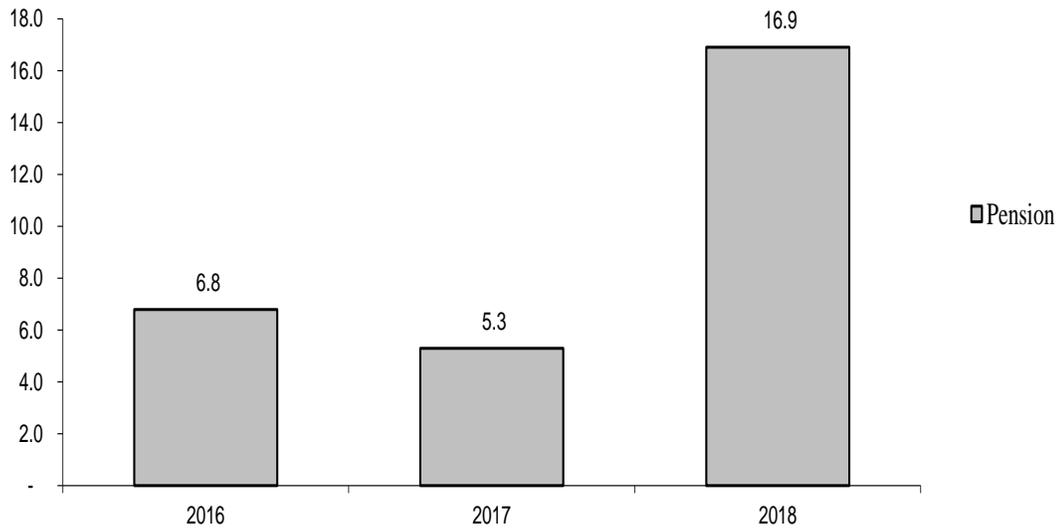
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments
- Schedule of Funding Progress
- History of Membership

STATISTICAL SECTION

Schedules of Additions by Source

| <u>Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30</u> | <u>Employer Contributions</u> | <u>Net Investment & Other Income</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|
| 2016 | \$ 6,790,331 | \$ 11,770 | \$ 6,802,100 |
| 2017 | 5,244,800 | 84,556 | 5,329,356 |
| 2018 | 16,244,800 | 691,640 | 16,936,440 |

Total Additions
Year Ended September 30
(in millions)

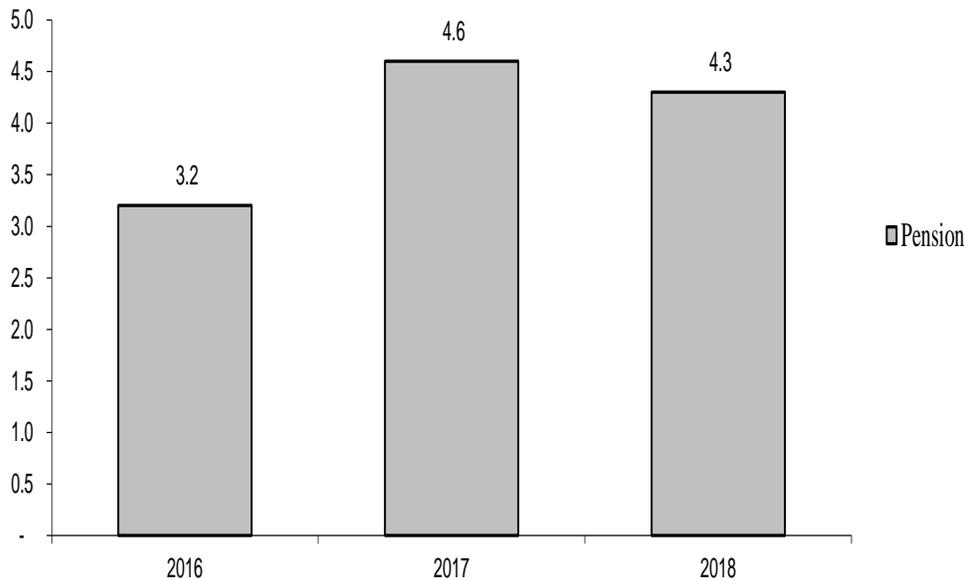


STATISTICAL SECTION

Schedules of Deductions by Type

| <u>Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30</u> | <u>Benefit Payments</u> | <u>Administrative and Other Expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--------------|
| 2016 | \$ 2,960,944 | \$ 250,047 | \$ 3,210,991 |
| 2017 | 4,089,801 | 481,605 | 4,571,406 |
| 2018 | 3,939,098 | 396,294 | 4,335,392 |

Total Deductions
Year Ended September 30
(in millions)



STATISTICAL SECTION

Schedule of Average Benefit Payments

| Payment Periods | Credited Service (Years) as of September 30 | | | | | Total |
|----------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| | less than 15 | 15-20 | 20-25 | 25-30 | 30+ | |
| Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16: | | | | | | |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 49 | \$ 49 | \$ 53 | \$ 68 | \$ 146 | \$ 76 |
| Number of Retirants | 16 | 30 | 2,487 | 882 | 910 | 4,325 |
| Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17: | | | | | | |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 49 | \$ 49 | \$ 52 | \$ 71 | \$ 146 | \$ 75 |
| Number of Retirants | 18 | 36 | 2,529 | 887 | 892 | 4,362 |

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

Schedule of Funding Progress

| Valuation Date | Pension Benefits (\$ in Thousands) | | | | Funded Ratio (a/b) |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--------------------|
| | Actuarial Value of Assets (a) | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b) | Unfunded (Overfunded) Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a) | | |
| Sept 30 | | | | | |
| 2016 | \$ 3,696 | \$ 47,160 | \$ 43,464 | | 7.8 % |
| 2016 ¹ | 3,696 | 49,675 | 45,979 | | 7.4 |
| 2017 | 4,602 | 49,950 | 45,348 | | 9.2 |

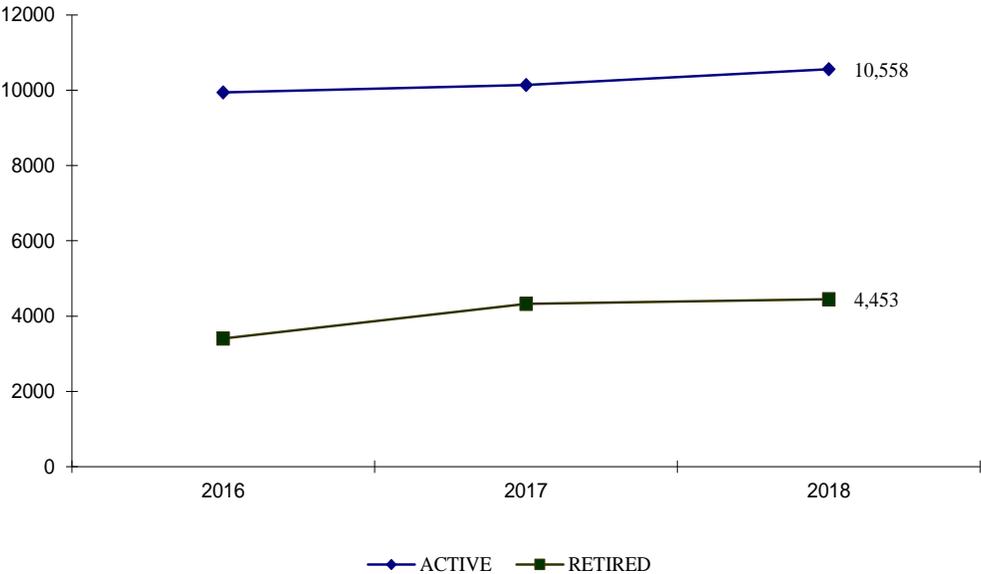
¹ Revised actuarial assumptions

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

STATISTICAL SECTION

History of Membership

Fiscal Year Ended September 30



Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The *Michigan Military Retirement Provisions Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* is prepared by Financial Services, Fiscal Management Division. Staff of the division for the fiscal year 2018 report included:

Management:

Jacqueline Huhn, Director
Aver Hamilton, Accounting Manager

Accountants:

Dan Harry
Rick Legal
Cindy Molzan
Hope Richardson
Paula Webb
Carol Wheaton

Technical and Support Staff:

Jamin Schroeder

Special thanks are also extended to the Office of Retirement Services personnel, accounting and support personnel throughout Financial Services, Investments Division of Treasury, Department of Community Health cashiering personnel, Office of the Auditor General, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co., and the staff at the Office of Financial Management. Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efforts of these individuals.

This report may be viewed online at: www.michigan.gov/ors